

JANUARY EDITION 1978

MARXIST-LENINISTS UNITE!

VOL. VII NO 1

WIN THE ADVANCED TO COMMUNISM !!

DEATH TO SOUTH AFRICAN COLONIALISM!



The just struggles of the people of all countries support each other.

South Africa is in political turmoil because of the recent rise of rebellions of the heroic Azanian people and the reactionary crackdown and fascist repression against the masses in South Africa by the racist colonial Vorster regime. U.S. imperialism's apologists would like for people to believe that the Vorster regime will have a change of heart and lay down the butcher knives of while colonialism, that somehow UN resolutions will make Vorster the murderer & robber change into a man of peace and virtue. They say if you could just talk sense to Vorster, everything would be alright. So they advocate more "talks" with the racist South African regime. But what we must understand very clearly, despite all the lies of the bourgeois press—is that Vorster's regime is following a very clear logicl

regime. But what we must understand very clearly, despite all the lies of the bourgeois press—is that Vorster's regime is following a very clear logic! It is a vicious logic that Chairman Mao summed up from the experience of the people's struggles throughout the world against imperialism. And it is this: "Make (conf. on p.8)



25 CENTS

As this society speeds towards revotivition, and doing this it speeds the disintegration of the capitalist system, we device a set at all points the intensitying of the set of the presence of the system is the Allen Bakke case. Which is the additional the University of California at Davis, sued that the University. Mat happened is that the Unirestity in its move to feign equality had is aside 16 of 100 seats at the medical school for blacks and other minorities. This is supposed to be their way of making up ression, and racism. By letting 16 blacks and other minorities into medical school whether qualifications, better grades that be blacks and other oppressed minorities, is to practice reverse discrimination. Meresse discrimination so-called is now to continued on pg. 4)

Flames Of Azanian People's Struggle Cannot Be Extinguished!

MASSIVE LAYOFFS: Capitalism on its Deathbed

The recent series of attacks against the U.S. workers in the form of shutdowns and layolfs, especially in the steel industry, force more and more workers to ask the question: WHICH WAY CAN WE TAKE OUT OF THE ECONOMIC CRISIS7 5,000 steel workers in Campbell, Dhio, 600 workers at Armco Steel Corporation, 650 at Akron's Goodyear Tire and Rubber Co., all of these providing service to the Ford Lordstown plant in Youngstown, Ohio. Another 3,000 laid off in South Chicago, 340 at US Steel in Pittsburgh and still another 4,000 at Bethlehem's Lackawanna plant in New York. The so-called "economic recovery" that the bourgeoisie used to try to full the workers to sleep with earlier in the crisis, was forced to fade out of the bourgeois press. Because the fact that the capitalist system cannot show the masses of people the way out of the hell of the imperialist economic crisis is becoming common knowledge.

non knowledge. In the steel industry, the capitalists have told the workers a whole series of lies, and the trade union bureaucracy in its betrayal of the interests of the workers, consistently attempts to lull the workers to sleep, so the working class cannot get itself together to fight the vicious attacks of the capitalist class against the American wor-

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kers. So that in Youngstown, Ohio where the workers heard of the possible shutdowns and layoffs months and months ago, the bosses told the workers they had nothing to worry about because hard working factory hands like them should never lear losing their jobs. All this because they were tricking the workers into breaking production records so that the bosses could stock up on steel and lay the workers off! A long history of experiences in the working class movement has confirmed that modern capitalist society is a battleground of two major classes facing each other in a great political and economic struggle: on one side is this handful of super rich bloodsucking billionaires, such as the Rocketellers, the Morgans, Duponts, Fords, Melions, and various other imperialist financical memory.

cial groups. And on the other side stands tens of milions of American workers, black, Latin, Asian and white, i.e., the U.S. multinational working class. The millions of disinherited, who are forced to beg these super-billionaire moneybags for permission to work for them. The labor of these workers they are forced to struggle for enough food, clothing and shelter to provide for their families, struggling for jobs as if it were "charity" from the capitalists, and suftring daily from the blows of the imperialist system. The current economic crisis intensifies the massive tayoffs, shutdowns, the national housing crisis, the rise in police brutality and killer. The role of the traitorous leadership of the United Steelworkers of America, was to disarm the workers in their struggle in Youngstown, as they disarm the steelworkers throughout the country. The criminal No Strike clause that the two outlaws, Abel and McBride, agreed to behind the backs of the workers is a sample of their general role in the worker's struggles, to tie the hands of



Struggle against the layoffs and unite these struggle with the overall struggle for socialism! Life itself proves the Marxist position that economic crises (e.g., the layoffs, shutdowns, and cutbacks in vital social and health services and benefits, etc) are fellow-travellers of the capitalist system , that as long as private ownership and capitalist exploitation exist, economic crisis and misery for the masses will exist!

the working class, so that the working class cannot struggle to defend itself against the attacks of the capitalist class. This is why Lenin correctly labeled them long ago, the agents of the capitalist class inside the working class movement, and our experience has confirmed exactly what Lenin pointed out -that capitalism could not survive without the labor aristocracy (workers who have been bribed with fat salaries, special privileges, etc. and detached from the great masses of the working class) and the trade union bureaucracy (paid trade union functionaries and the trade union apparatus), which act as Continuen on page 5

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BUILD & REVOLUTIONARY MARXIST-LENINIST COMMUNIST PARTY BASED ON MARXISM-LENINISM-MAD TSETUNG THOUGHT

PRE CIVIL WAR REVOLUTIONARY BLACK NATIONALISM

The series "Pre Civil War Black Nationalism" was put together in 1966, by Bill McAdao, as part of the "Black Liberation Commission" of the Progressive Labor Party. McAdoo was one of those arrested for refusing to tes-tify against PL's Bill Epton who was charged with "Criminal Anarchy" in the Harlem Rebellion in 1964. Obviously the Epton-McAdoo period, and the arthe Epton-McAdoo period, and the ar-ticle itself, are from a time when PL was struggling to take progressive stands. Since then however, and sadly Progres-sive Labor has become the most out-rageous carriers of the American sickness, white chauvinism, and are now not even a serious communist organization. Unfortunately white chauvinism has always stood in the way of the construction and growth of a truly vanguard communist party, in the USA. Now as then!

(This part is a continuation of the resolutions exerpted from the PLATFORM: OR DECLARA TION OF SENTIMENTS OF THE CLEVE-LAND CONVENTION)

"21. That all great achievements by the Anglo-Saxon race have been accomplished through the agency of self-interest. "22. That the liberty of a people is always insecure who have not absolute control of their own political destiny.

"23. That if we desire liberty, it can only be obtained at the price which others have paid for it.

paid for it. "24. That we are willing to pay that price, LET THE COST BE WHAT IT MAY. "25. That according to the present social system of civilized society, the equality of persons is only recognized by their equality of altainments, —as with individuals, so is it with classes and communities; — therefore, we impress on the colored races throughout this Continent and the world the

throughout this Continent and the world, the necessity of having their children and them-selves properly qualified in every respectable vocation pertaining to the Industrial and Wealth

accumulating occupations; of arts, science, des and professions; of agriculture, mmerce and manufactures, so as to equal position the leading characters and tions of the earth, without which we cantrades and in not, at best, but occupy a position of subserviency

"26. That the potency and respectability of a nation or people, depends entirely upon the position of their women, therefore, it is essential to our elevation that the female portion of our children be instructed in all the arts and sciences pertaining to the highest civilization.

"27, That we will forever discountenance all invidious distinctions among us. "28. That no people, as such, can ever attain to greatness who lose their idenall tity, as they must rise entirely upon their own native merits. "29. That we shall ever cherish our

own "29. identity of origin and race, as preferable, in our estimation, to any other people. "30. That the relative terms Negro, African, Black, Colored and Mulatto, when applied to be shall ever the held with the server Black, Colored and Mulatto, when applied to us, shall ever be held with the same respect and pride; and synonymous with the terms, Caucasian, White, Anglo-Saxon and European, when applied to that class of people..." (26)

Nowhere in the entire document was the word mentioned about emigration to Africa anywhere else. Instead, this document is a brilliant statement of some of the funda-mental concepts of revolutionary nationalism.

mental concepts of revolutionary nationalism. What remains of the black zionist influence is its valuable theoretical contributions to the national question. Most of the precepts advanced in this document are self-evident. Number three states, in effect, that a nation must possess the land on which it resides in order to be sovereign. Number eleven states that no black man is free as long as some black men are enslaved. Number 15 unequivocally states are enslaved. Number 15 unequivocally states that the black people must be united as one force on this continent (not Africa!), Num-ber 18 states that the black nation must be represented in a national capacity. Num

bers 19-21 give the reasons for the necessity bers 19-21 give the reasons for the necessary of revolution. Number 19 is a statement of the black nation's need for self-deter-mination. Numbers 23-24 are statements of the necessity of revolution and the dethe necessity of revolution and the de-termination to pursue such a course. Num-ber 25 reflects aspirations for black capi-talism. The rest is self-evident. From the concepts of a nation and national cha-racter come the concepts of identity, his-torical pride, and national unity.

racter come the concepts of identity, his-torical pride, and national unity. The distance between America and Africa turned many sincere, would-be followers of black zionism into revolu-tionary nationalists. It seems that it was easier to fight than to swim. More-over, if America belonged to anyone, it was easier to fight than to swim. More-over, if America belonged to anyone, it belonged to the black man. As the revolu-tionary nationalist, David Walker, put it in his appeal to revolution in 1829 (Walker's Appeal):

ker's Appeal): "...Fear not the number and education of our enemies, against whom we shall have to contend for our lawful right...Let no man of us budge one step, and let slave-holders come to beal us from our country. America is more our country, than it is the whites — we have enriched it with our BLOOD AND TEARS. The greatest riches in all America have arisen from our BLOOD AND TEARS. The greatest riches in all America have arisen from our property and homes, which we have earned with our blood? They must look sharp or this very thing will bring swift destruc-tion upon them. The Americans have got so fat on our blood and groans, that they have almost forgotten the God of armies. But let them go un..."

THREE ROADS

There were other fundamental differences between the reformists, black zionists, and revolutionary nationalists, which must be reviewed before we close the present chap-ter. At a State Convention of Ohio Negroes, held in Columbus, Ohio, January 15–18, 1851, a hot debate developed, ostensibly over the Constitution of the United States. The three black men who participated in this debate were H. Ford Douglass (black

and Charles H. Langston (revolutionary nationalist). The debate arose over a proposed resolution by H. Ford Douglass, to the effect that no black man could consistent-ly vote under the United States Constitution, here it was a pro-slavery document of ly vole under the United States Constitution, because it was a pro-slavery document. But what was really at issue in this debate were the fundamental differences between the three political tendencies. As we shall demonstrate after presentation of the document, the debate on the Constitution was merely a vehicle to air these differences. Here are excerpts: H. Ford Douglass

"A Resolution was introduced by H. Ford Douglass: 'That It is the opinion of this Convention, that no colored man can consistently vote under the United States Constitution'---ed so by those who framed it, and construed ed so by those who tramed IL, and construed to that end ever since its adoption. It is well known that in 1787, in the Convention that framed the Constitution, there was consi-derable discussion on the subject of slavery. South Carolina and Georgia refused to come into the Union, without the Convention would the continuation of the Slave Trade for twenty wave According to the demands of these twe years. According to the stave trade for twenty years, According to the demands of these two States, the Convention submitted to that guilty contract, and declared that the Slave Trade should not be prohibited prior to 1808. Here we see them engrafting into the Consti-Here we see them englating into the consti-tution, a clause legalizing and protecting one of the vilest systems of wrong ever invented by the cupidity and avarice of man. And by virtue of that agreement, our citizen went to the shores of Africa, and there seized upon to the shores of Africa, and there seized upon the rude barbarian, as he strolled unconscious of impending danger, amid his native forests as free as the winds that beat on his native shores. Here, we see them dragging these bleeding victims to the slave-ship by virtue of that instrument, compelling them to endure all the horror of the 'middle passage,' until they arrived at this asylum of western Liber-ty, where they werg doomed to perpetual ty, where they were doomed to perpetual (cont. on p.5)

BAKKE(cont. from p.1)

the backward elements in society to stop a mechanical attempts at sham equality. Whis so frustrating is that the 16 black, brow What is so frustrating is that the 16 black, brown, yellow and red faces in the freshman class of the Univ. of California changes nothing at all in this society. Mr. Bakke's suit is in keeping with the period of reaction that we are going thru, in which the bourgeois state, edges further and further to the right all the time we are weighted down by the fake liberalism of smiling jimmy. The rever-sal of the rulings which had entitled women to compensation at their work when they to compensation at their work when they were pregnant, the gradual restoration of the death penalty, the erosion of some of the gains of the black liberation movement in the 60's-this rightward move is not just spontaneous. As a result of the sponta-neous uprise in the 60's, this is also being orchestrated by the bourgeoisle to take us as far away from revolutionary ferment as we can get. compensation at their work when the can gel.

can get. The only reason those 16 have to be ad-mitted in a special way into the medical school is because of continuous discri-mination. Some opportunists have exposed themselves on this question, like the so-called friends of black people who have shown themselves to be straight out racists, for instance, the American Jewish Committee. And the black lackies like Bayard Rustin, who tells blacks that they should not resist this erosion of reforms because they are not as important as un-employment also reveal the extent of the employment also reveal the extent of the employment also reveal the extent of the perversion they are warped by, If we stop and think, we know that 16 minorities out of a population of 200 million is not going to make change, and that just to have this program is a pure example of to-kenism and nothing else. It is really the bourgeoisle struggling among themselves, be-cause the masses are not struggling to get into the Univ. of California Medical School. But this attack the Bakke case makes is important because it is aimed al creating a more conservative and right wing climate in

more conservative and right wing climate in the US, and the various organizations tha were supposedly interested in Negro civil rights, are coming up on the wrong side of the question. This is good, and important unal many of the so-called liberals are being external on this, issue, because all this



The imperialist economic crisis worsens & the bourgeoisie increasingly reduces the economic conditions of the people and cuts away at basic rights, attempting to divide the people. The mass revolutionary struggle must close the ranks of the people vs the enemy.

can do is isolate them.

can do is isolate them. The entire society is gripped by recession, unemployment, and as the bourgeoisie has to draw it in more and more they have to shift more and more of the weight of their crisis onto the backs of the people. Revolution throughout the third world is also destroying some of the superprofits, and forcing the US imperialists to harass the people even more directly. The cutbacks, layoffs, speed-ups, reduction of social programs are all part the general crisis of imperialism, particu-ialism. The elimination of minority pro-grams in the universities such as the clograms in the universities such as the clo-sing of Newark Rutgers night school, the threat to close the law school at Rutgers, the repeated threat to close down the arr and music programs in the neblic schools all

these things are part of the same attack the bourgeoisie is making on the people. The Bakke case is the flagship effort to spearhead and legitimatize such anti-popular moves.

moves. But in opposing the bourgeoisie's attampt to cutback on the peoples' movement against segregation and discrimination, we must also uphold the fact that letting the 16 stu-dents in is a trick too. And what's more by making us fight about the 16 students we are on the defensive. The real truth is that in order to get educational institutions that represent the needs of the masses that are oriented to leach the masses we are poine oriented to teach the masses, we are going to have to change society itself. Reforms like adding 16 black and Chicano and Asian nummers to the residuan class, represent faxe der to have an all around change in educa-tion, we must have a socialist system no a capitalist system. Even in fighting agains the racists who are using the doubletall nonsense of "reverse discrimination" w must also point with the contradictions in th nonsense of "reverse discrimination" w must also point out the contradictions in th puta system, and the basic fact that ca pitalism cannot provide for the masses o people, only exploit them. The America Jewish Committee's bogus line that the Jews suffered from quotas ro they shou oppose quotas in the abstract is a vi cious cover for their reactionary line support of black national oppression an national exclusion. Blacks and other m norities suffered from zero quotas, the points is that we must under the role, a also under than. "Is my into itac

Massive Layoffs

Continued from page 1

a fifth column inside the workers' movepart of monopoly capitalism and they are the sworn enemy of the interests of the working class. When capitalism is overthrown by the working class and its allies, the labor aristocracy and trade union bu-reaucracy will go tool And this is why the direction of the main blow must be aimed to isolate these social props of imperialism, that is, the labor aristo-cracy, the revisionists (fake communists) and the petty bourgeois politicians who are now leading the workers down a blind alley away from their liberation.

One of the unpopular songs sung by the bourgeoisie in the steel industry and their social props is to stop imported steel as if this was the cure-all for the imperialist cris-is. This hogwash is not limited to the steel industry, the same trick is used throughout the United States from textiles to electronic equipment to cars. But let us look at the logic of this bourgeois slogan that the bosses have given to the social props in order to make chumps out of the workers. In steel they say that Japanese imports are

the problem, so they want us to believe that we must locus on getting a law passed in the Congress instead of uniting to fight against these layoffs and uniting this struggle with the struggle for socialism. Of course, the job of the social props is to go along with this of the social props is to go along with this lie, and to propagate it and lead us down a blind alley into the ranks of the army of the unemployed. First they told us, we shouldn't fight the capitalist. They said, we should "suffer peacefully" and then capitalism would save us. But now with the massive be-trayal of the workers, the workers are pushing for mass action, striving to find a way out of the imperialist economic and political cri-sis. So the trade union leadership's duty to the bosses is to lead us from one blind alley to another, to keep us away from alley to another, to keep us away from seeing the essence beneath the surface of the problem, the root cause of all our problems — the capitalist system itself.

Let us look af Japanese imperialism for a second. After World War Two, U.S. im-perialism emerged as the top dog in the imperialist world. It became the Jaws among the other imperialist sharks. Even the old the other imperialist sharks. Even the old imperialist powers were temporarily under the control of U.S. imperialism. Then Jo-seph Stalin pointed out very clearly that Gernany, Japan, Italy, Britain and France had fallen into the clutches of the U.S. But U.S. imperialism, in order to stall re-volution and socialism and the revolution-ary struggles of the Third World for national liberation and independence, was forced to rebuild its old enemies (German im-perialism and Japanese imperialism) perialism and Japanese imperialism largely thru multinational corporations. But when Germany and Japan recovered, despite the wishes of the US bourgeoisie, Germany and Japan began to struggle against U.S. control over lhem, and they began to penetrate into the world imperialist market and they even penetrated into U.S. imperial-ism's home market. As the U.S. Imperialist economy went from crisis to crisis, step by step, the value of the American dollar which was once king, began to decline, until fi-nally there were a series of international monetary crises, and the dominant position of the U.S. trade was and is increasingly on of the U.S. trade was and is increasingly on very shaky ground! This is one aspect of the struggle between the second world and the superpowers, that has arisen based on the uneven development of imperialism. All these rises and falls of the struggles of the struggles and

of different capitalist financial groups and imperialist powers among themselves are fundamental to the imperialist system itself. These massive layoffs and shutdowns and the general economic political and social crisis of imperialism cannot be solved by any bour-geois congressional laws. This is another blind alley, a diversion away from the real struggle we must wage to defend the working class and oppressed nationalities against the vicious attacks of the bourgeoisie, as the bourgeoisie moves further and further to the right, and closer and closer to fascism.

NO FUTURE FOR WORKING CLASS UNDER CAPITALISM

More and more people are awakening to the More and more people are awakening to the lact that under capitalism, conditions for the working masses will sink deeper and deeper into misery and oppression. The masses are awakening to the fact that the capitalists themselves are unlit to rule over our lives and capitalism camiol assure the basic necessities of life (food, clothing and shelter) for the great masses of workers and oppressed

peoples. Even when the U.S. and the Western imperialist countries held their capitalist sum mit in Europe on the economic crisis this year, the only solution that capitalism could see was to shift the brunt and burden of the imperialist economic and political crisis onto the backs of the great masses of working people and oppress ed nationalities! Capitalism cannot guarantee job security, but poverty and misery and class and national exploitation and oppression are at the foundation of monopoly capitalism. And this is why we must propagate the truth:THE ONLY REAL FUTURE FOR THE WORKING CLASS IS UNDER SOCIALISM!

UNDER SOCIALISM! It is the role of the revisionists (lake communists), labor aristocrats, trade union bureaucrats and petty bourgeois politicians to act as the bodyguards for the capitalist system, by keeping the truth away from the workers' movement. And along with this, to keep the struggle of the workers in-side the boundaries of capitalism, so that we can never free ourselves from the yoke of the capitalist system of wage slavery.

the capitalist system of wage slavery. The experience of the working class strug-gle against the capitalist system in the U.S. and the rest of the world has confirmed the truth of Marxism-Leninism, that rebellions and strikes against the capitalist system of ex-ploitation and oppression in and of itself is not enough to win our liberation from ca-pitalism. "Rebellion needs to be guided by pitalism. "Rebellion needs to be guided by scientific theory; it needs ultimately to be re-bellion of the workers, working people and other oppressed not only produced by actual social conditions but guided by scientific theory." This science of revolution is Marxtheory." This science of revolution is Marx-ism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought, the best of all possible weapons in the struggle a-of all possible weapons in the struggle against monopoly capitalism and national op-pression. Without this revolutionary theory the working class is lost at sea like a ship without a compass. The revisionist and trade union misleadership don't want us to find a way out of the economic crisis — this is their traitorous mission to serve cathis is their datorous mission to serve ca-pitalism. Revolutionary Marxist-Leninists understand how society develops, how the imperialist system arose, why there is an economic crisis throughout the capitalist countries, and know the road which the workers must take to put capitalism in the servers of birdear and which The workers must take to put capitalism in the garbage can of history and build a new life under socialism, and communism. Now, when the workers understand exactly where they are going, to paraphase E.F. Hill, and if they understand what is the purpose of their struggle, then they are will armed in the struggle against the class ene-my to liberate the working class from the armed in the struggle against the class ene-my to liberate the working class from the imperialist system as the core of all op-pressed peoples struggling against impe-rialism. But if the workers do not unite Marxism-Leninism with their struggle. They will remain wage slaves and paupers under the decaying, deathbound imperial-ist system. This is why it is a fundamental task of all true Marxist-Leninists to bring the science of revolution to the wor-ers' movement. In order to bring the working class this mighty liberating weapon to use to solve our problems and overcome all dit-ficulties in our struggle, Marxist-Leninists ficulties in our struggle, Marxist-Leninists and advanced forces in the US must build a Revolutionary Marxist-Leninist Communist Party in the US, based on the scientific theory of Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tselung Thought.

Despite a dozen dizzy proclamations, this revolutionary party that we all need to guide us in our struggle, the life and death class struggle against monopoly capitalism - this party does not exist! But there is a - this party does not exist! But there is a young Marxist-Leninist movement dedicated to building this party. The central task of all revolutionaries, the Marxist-Leninists and ad-vanced forces, is the formation of this re-volutionary party. The building of this party is a strategic task. And the tactics that will lead us in this work are guided by the slo-gans -- Marxist-Leninist Unite! and Win the Advanced to Communism! Both these tasks must be developed in this period, but the unity of Marxist-Leninists is pri-mary because it is Marxist-Leninists who must win the advanced to commonism. And as long as Marxist-Leninists are disunited, as long as Marxist-Leninists are disunited, the workers struggle is condemned to spontaneity

The recent series of layofts and the grow-ing strike struggle of the workers under-lines the conditions we see necessary for the calling of any serious party congress in the US by communists, and they are:1) the The US by communists, and they are:1) the unity of genuine Marxist-Leninists in the US; 2) the winning over of a sufficient number of advanced workers in the key industries to communism; and, 3) a revolutionary Party Program, developed based on the ideological struggle for the correct political time, around which genuine Marxist-Leninists and ad-forces can unite, a program to lead the wor-king class and its allies in waging socialist revolution. revolution.



Chairman Mao iniliated the struggle vs the criminal Gang of Four. revolution of the old type, instead of the new democratic revolution which passed on to the socialist revolution

without interruption! Chang's attempted to distort the target of the revolution for the gang's own ends, by trumping up the article, "On Exerising All Round Dictatorship Over the Bourgeoisie" (see Peking Review no. 14, 1975, see page 9 especially). In this article Chang states: "If Marxism is fimited, curtailed and distorted theory and practice, if the dictatorship the proletariat is turned into an empty of phase, or all-round dictatorship over the bourgeoisie is crippled by amputation and exercized only in some spheres but not all, or only at a certain stage (for instance before the transformation of the system of ownership) but not at all stages, or in other words, if not all of the fortified villages of the bourgeoisie are destroyed but some are left; allowing the bourgeoisie to expand again, doesn't this mean preparing the conditions for bourgeois restoration? Doesn't it mean turning the diclatorship of the proletariat into a mean the dictatorship of the projectariat into a thing that protects the bourgeoisle.."(our emphasis) What Chang is doing actually is attacking Chairman Mao Tsetung and the Chinese Constitution. Both Chairman Mao and the Chinese Constitution state, "The projectariat must exercise all round dictatorship over the pourgeoise in the superstructure

over the bourgeoisle in the superstructure, including all shperes of culture." (Article 12, page 16 Chinese Constitution) Chan, 12, page 16 Chinese Constitution) Chang-article is idealistic because what is called for by Chairman Mao and the constitution is ideological dictatorship over the national bourgeoisie. According to Article 14, pages 17-18 of the Chinese Constitution, "The state deprives the landlords, rich peasants, reactionary capitalists and other bad elements of political rights." As for the national bourgeoisie it is a matter of education and and reform. "As their thorough remoulding can be achieved only in the course of work, they should engage in labour together with Chang they should engage in labour together with the staff and workers in the enterprises and regard these enterprises as the chief place in which to remould themselves. But it is important for them to change some of their old views through study. Such study should be on a voluntary basis..." (SELECTED WORKS OF MAO "SETUNG,

Vol. 5, page 403) Again, the Gang of 4 muddled the concept of scientific socialism on a series of questions of scientific socialism on a series of questions. They spread the lie that socialist revolution and class struggle are the ULTIMATE GOAL of communists, but "To communists, socialist revolution and class struggle are means and not objectives; we should use these means to achieve our ultimate goal, i.e., the reali-zation of communism through socialism."

Parton of Communism through socialism. (Peking Review, No. 34, page 31) The Gang of 4 were masters of babbling the r-r-revolutionary phase (Lenin) and used this tactic to undermine & Lamper with Mao's revolutionary line, End Part One

Flames of Azania

(cont. from p.8)

(cont. from p.8) phy. And therefore, the allegations against us of anti-communism is just bunk, trash, unfounded and malicious slander. And we are not racists. Our position is quite clear. We have no fear. We stand on the basis of Africa for the Africans – a government of the Africans, by the Africans, and for the Africans – with everybody – inespective Africans - with everybody - irrespective of race, color, creed or religion-who ac-cepts the demociatic rule of an African ma-jority being also regarded as an African. This is what we say. We are saying that the demo-cratic rule of the African majority is deci-sive. Therefore, how can it be said that we are racists in the latherland? We are not going to Europe or elsewhere and demand to have African majority rule there. Nei-ther have they the right to come to Africa ther have they the right to come to Africa and sty that the majority rule here must be of the minority whites. The whole thing is another stander.

ther slander. CONTINUED NEXT ISSUE

Panama Canal (cont. from p.3) Panama Canal (cont. from p.3) an arduous struggle in order to attain full sovereignty over the Canal Zone. It should also be pointed out that in recent years So-viet social- imperialism has stepped up penetration and expansion in Latin American countries and cast a covetous eye on the strategically important Panama Canal. But the Panamanian people who have stood the tests of protracted struggle will surely heighten their vigilance, strengthen unity and carry through to the end their just struggle to uphold national independence and attain full recovery of their sovereign-ty over the canal. (excerpts from Hsinhua Correspondent, Peking Review) Review) Correspondent Peking

ALSC Split (cont. from p.10) revisionist communist movement in the USA, And how much too the Gang of Two (Wing) reflects the Gang of Four's lines and how much the rest of us must do to understand and rectily the insidious, dangerous mark the Gang has made on all of us. At the conference, ex-wingers raised the

At the conference, ex-wingers raised the anti-Three Worlds Theory most vocally. Some ex-wingers purged by the Gang of Two have made rectification and now oppose the totally bankrupt line of the wing, but these opportu-nist flotsam in the movement represented at the conference, now aligned with the U.S. clone of the reactionary "Canadian Com-munist Party M-L", show that they will hook up with any "Left" opportunist sectarian line, just as they pushed in the "wing". But LPR must show that it has repudiated the "left" phrasemongering of the Wing - who also "supports" the CPC, but pretends the Gang of Four purge has not happened---meanwhile picking up all the anti-Three World, and anti-CPC lines, Perhaps, if the comrades would actually STUDY the Jines of the Communist Party of China, Three Worlds Theory and what the Gang of Four actually represented they would as able to take a firm chose in moment of Four actually represented they would be able to take a firm stance in support of the Three Worlds Theory and abandon centrism and "left" errors. INEXT ISSUE PART 21

A.A.N.Q. Position (cont from p.7) the slavocracy ("In 1860," Kenneth Stamp points out, "there were in the South 385,000 owners of slaves distributed among 1,516,000 points out, "there were in the South 385,000 owners of staves distributed among 1,516,000 families, Nearly 3/4's of all free Southerners had no connection with stavery. The typical Southerner was a small farmer and a non-stave holder." Half of the Staves owned by about 25,000 masters (the Peculiar Institution operating large plantations.) to make ever increased demands on the country, including the forcing of slavery West, attempts at reoperating large planations,) to make ever increased demands on the country, including the forcing of slavery West, aftempts at re-opening the slave trade, fugitive slave acts, all served to force the coming of the Civil War. The South had developed finally a drive against the entire "free labor" system itself not just in the North, and had no other alter-native but to try to force the slave system upon the entire United States. DuBois peeps this when he says, "The war was not against slavery, it was fought to protect free white laborers against the competition of slaves; and it was thought possible to do this by segregating slavery." And again, "Eman-cipation was a war measure to break the power of the Confederacy, preserve the Union and gain the sympathy of the civilized world." The increased repression of the international cotton trade era brought a militancy among cotton trade era brought a militancy among blacks against slavery that culminated with them having literally to fight their way into the Union Army, as most Northern leadership, even the abolitionists, and especially some of of the Northern military leaders who were re-ally copperheads (Southern sympathizers) were all opposed to black participation. It was only in desperation at the military sit-uation that the North finally put the black blacks formally in arms, under while commanders. The defeat of the South was brought about in part by the fact that the North had 200,000 black in arms at the close of the wa 1 Weatherford - The Negro From Alrica to America - pp. 130-31

2 Woodrow Wilson -"Division And Reunion" - pp.124

3 Weatherford - The Negro From Africa to America - pg. 131 END PART 2

Pre Civil War

Pre Civil War (cont. from p.4) chains. Now, I hold, in view of this fact, no colored man can consistently vole under the United States Constitution. That in-strument also provides for the return of lugitive slaves. And, sir, one of the greatest lights now adorning the galaxy of American Literature, declares that the 'Fugitive Law is in accordance with that stipulation;— a law unequaled in the worst days of Roman desploism, and unparalled in the annals of heathen jurisprudence. You might search the pages of history in vain, to Ind a more stri-king exemplication of the compound of all villainies! CONT. NEXT ISSUE

RCL POSITION ON AFRO-AMERICAN NATIONAL

Actually, it was the counter-revolution-ary overthrow of the black and progressive Reconstruction governments in the South that made any taik of "assimilation" of olack people into the United States Nation idealist, Haywood in NEGRO LIBERATION points out, "The rise of a finance-capitalist off-garchy to dominant position in American eco-omic and political life precluded the possi-olity of peaceful democratic fusion of the Negro unto a single American nation along with whiles. Thenceforth the issue of Ne-gro equality could be solved only via the path of the Negro's full development as a ma-tion. The Negro question nad now definitely The Negro question nad now definitely

"The compromises which the Constitu-tion contained on the issue of slavery precluded the participation of the Negro in the 1st. American Republic. It prevented his democratic integration into the new national

state. "But the constitutional compromises only postponed the issue of slavery. This issue was to flare up anew in the second decade of the 19th century and was to occupy the spot-light in American politics up to the end of the Civil War.

very around, and in fact moved slavety from its earlier feudalistic and patriarchal slage to the more vicious capitalist slavery based

on the colton crop as a large scale enter-prise covering much of the entire lower

South. "The Negro was not freed by the Revolu-"The Negro was not freed by the Revolu-tion of 1776, nor was he fully freed by the 2nd American Revolution of 1861-77-The Civil War and Reconstruction. The fact is that the first American republic contained a glaring Ilaw—the institution of chattel sla-very...Excluded from these "inalienable" rights (given to Americans) was an impor-tant segment of the American people— The Negro Slave who, at the time comprised one-fifth of the countries population.

> 50% and over 40-49% 30-39% 20-29% less than 20%

> > SELF-DETERMINATION

FOR THE

AFRO-AMERICAN NATION

IN THE BLACK BELT SOUTH !!

QUESTION Part 2

"The issue was finally resolved only by the Second American Revolution - - the Civil War and Reconstruction. "Were again, for the second time, hope was held for the full integration of the Negro into American life as a free and equal citizen, for the consolidation of Americans, Black and white, into one nation. But again the revolu-tion was aborted, again the Negro was left outside the portals of full citizenship." (Negro Liberation, Harry Haywood, pg. 142). A successful Bourgeois Democratic Revolu-tion, which would have given land and, there-lore, political rights to the freed slaves as

Malcolm X's development and articulation that black people are a Black Nation with the right of self determination, self respect and self defense, signaled the re-emergence of the black sec-tor of the working class into a leadership position in the black liberation movement. Malcolm X also pointed out that black peoples struggle is not merely a moral question, but it is first and foremost a struggle for political power!

become the problem of an oppressed nation striving for national freedom against the main enemy, imperialism." (For a Revolutionary Position on the Negro Question, Harry Haywood p. 143)

That is, the smashing of the reconstruc-tion governments, which was directly finan-ced by Northern finance capital, halted the United States BOURGEOIS DEMOCRATIC REVOLUTION IN AN UNFINISHED state. The Northern industrialists had achieved their main aim to completely dominate U.S. eco-nomic life and subdue the Southern planter oligarchy. But redivision of the plantations and the extension of democratic rights to and the extension of democratic rights to blacks was not on their agenda. (As a mat-ter of fact, by the time the reconstruction governments were destroyed, the ownership of "Southern" land had largely passed into the hands of the Norhtern industrialists!) C, Van Woodward states in the ORIGINS OF THE NEW SOUTH p. 179 "At least hall the plan-ters after 1870 were either Northern men or were supported by Northern money." F. C. Morehead, President of the National Cotton Planters' Association, estimated in 1881 that not one-third of the cotton plantations of the Mississippi Valley were "owned by the men who held them at the end of the war," and that others were daily passing "into the hands of the commission merchants" at that time. (ORIGINS OF THE NEW SOUTH, C, Van Woodward). Woodward).

Woodward). But in describing the relationship of the Black Nation and the black oppressed na-tionality in the United States as a whole, it is critical to see how the nation came into being in the first place, and how this initial appearance sel a particular pattern for this relationship that still exists. At the end of the Revolutionary War, the movement fully im-to United States society was anticipated; but the introduction of capitalist stavery in the early 19th century, spurred by the emer-gence of cotion as an international cash crop able to be supplied by the United States South with the cotion gin and slave labor turned the gradual dying away of sla-



The national oppression of black people in the U.S. takes a deadly toll on the whole U.S. working class. With the worst unemployment, one quarter of the black sector of the labor force has no chance of finding work! The effects of this oppression by the bourgeoisie is a cheap labor supply that thus forces down wages and lowers the material conditions of the whole working class, thus it is absolutely nec-cessary for the U.S. working class to support the democratic rights of all oppressed nationalities, and to support the democratic right of self determination for the Afro Americans in the Black Belt South up to and including secession. The multinational working class must sup-port this struggle, not out of any abstract sentiment, but as the pre-condition for its own social emancipation!



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emancipated peasants, would have been the basis for such integration into America; but it did not happen. As the Civil War and Recon-struction governments were supposed to extend full democratic rights to the black people, but the destruction, of the reconstruction govern-ments prevented that. The Reconstruction governments had a dual purpose -1) to govern the South for the Northern monopoly capita-lists, so that the Southern vote could be neutralized and the linanciers be in total con-trol over the South, and 2) To see that the 13th, 14th and 15th Amendments could be enforced, so as to make the first task, possible. "The contemporary Negro Question in the did not happen. As the Civil War and Recon

"The contemporary Negro Question in the United States is a product of the unfinished Bourgeois Democratic Revolution of the Civil War and Reconstruction - the failure to carry through democratic land redivision as only eco-nomic basis for political freedom, . . " (See also, For A Revolutionary Position On The National Question, Harry Haywood, pg.22).

In the formation of National-States, Lenin in showing that they were not limited to West Europe, but existed in England and France; he also points out that the U.S.A. and Japan are generally homogeneous (Japan 99%) but the U.S.A. "In the U.S., the Negroes (and also the U.S.A. "In the U.S., the Negroes (and also the Mulattos and Indians) account for only 11.1 percent. They should be classes as an oppres-sed nation, for equality won in the Civil War of 1851-65 and guaranteed curtailed in in the chiel Negro areas (the South) in connection with the transition from the pro-gressive, premonopoly capitalism of 1860-70 to the reactionary, monopoly capitalism (im-perialism) of the new era, which in America was especially sharply etched out by the Spanish American Imperialist War of 1898 (a war between 2 robbers over the division of the booty).

booty). "The while population of the United States makes up 88.7% of the total, and of this figure 74.3 are Americans and only 14.4 per cent foreign-born, i.e., immigrants. We know that especially favorable conditions in America for the development of capitalism and the rapi-dity of this development have produced a sitdity of this development have produced a sit-uation in which vast national differences are speedily and fundamentally, as nowhere else in the world, smoothed out to form a single 'American' nation.'' (<u>Statistics and Sociology</u>, Lenin, C.W. Vol. 23 pg. 275-76). For further analysis, see Lenin On The National & Colonial Questions - ''The Meaning of the Right to Self-Determination and ILS Relation to Federation ''

Meaning of the Right to Self-Determination and Its Relation to Federation." DuBois has contrasted the earlier slavery as a feudalistic plantation slavery most objectified in the Virginia and Carolina plan-tations ruled over by the slave master, and the "house service" and personal relation-ship with a personal interpretation of the slave code which ranged from paternalis-tically "moderate" to arbitrarily cruel as anything known. But about the late 1820's with an economic catalyst provided by

anything known. But about the late 1820's with an economic catalyst provided by the earlier invention of the cotton gin as part of the industrial revolution (cot-ton production in the United States in-creased from "8,000 bales in 1790 to 650,000 bales. in 1820," DuBois, THE NEGRO, p. 17), slavery took on an-other economic and social character, And just as the United States economy became tied to the international econo-And just as the United States economy became tied to the international econo-my with the massive cotton trade, so did slavery which was the base for an entire economic motion of United States society take on a capitalist character. Marx in DAS KAPITAL summed it up, "But as soon as people, whose production still moves within the lower forms of slave labor, corvee-labor, etc. are drawn into the whirlpool of an international market dominated by the capan international market dominated by the cap-italist mode of production, the sale of their products for export becoming their principal interest, the civilized horrors of overwork are grafted on the barbaric horrors of slavery, seridom, etc. Hence, the Negro labor in the Southern States of the American Union preserved something of a patriar-chal character, so long as production was chiefly directed to immediate local Con-

chaily directed to immediate local Con-sumption. But, in proportion, as the export of cotton became of vital interest to these states, the overworking of the Negro and sometimes the using up of his life in 7 years labor, became a factor in a calculated and calculating system." At this point, the laws of slavery began to be reinforced and where they had gradually started to weaken after the revolutionary war, they are now severly enforced. In 1835, even the 320,000 free blacks in the United States lost democratic rights. And it was out of the increased cruelty and harshness brought on by King Cotton's large scale production that the large slave revolts of the period and sub-sequent political activity and protest such as the Negro Convention Movement in the 30's came about. (1822, Denmark Vessey: 1829 David Walker's Appeal; 1831, Nat Turner and Harriet Tubman and the Underground Railroad a year before. By 1840 Frederick Douglass in

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Discrimination and segregation are the pincers of national oppression caused by monopoly capitalism. They cannot really be destroyed until mono-poly capitalism is destroyed! Only violence, armed struggle, can change capitalist society to socialist society. Not "turn the other cheek," or "non-violent revolution", or "we shall overcome" by kneeling and praying as the police and dogs attack, and the racists shoot you down. Mal-colm X's line of self determination self respect and self defense summed up the black working people's feelings in opposition to the black bour-geoisie's submissiveness and exploitation and oppression by capitalist and racist U.S. society.

active relationship with the Abolitionists made

active relationship with the Abolitionists made his first pronouncements.) Black slavery began in the United States much like the white indentured labor of the whites. For blacks, it was necessary that they be converted to the "true religion" and cast down their heathen ways. Hence, they were re-deemable and could be freed. But the owners, many in the North, quickly dismissed the re-ligious instification for clavery, and with the ligious justification for slavery, and with that the redeemable, freedom for conversion, rela-tionship. They had determined that it was better to have slave labor for the slaves entire life than be cut off by religion. It was at this point that it become a leudalist or patriarchal sla-very and then later passed into capitalist slavery. In Capital, Marx explains, "Direct slavery is just as much the pivot of bourg-eois industry as machinery, credits, etc. With

out slavery you have no cotion; without cotion you have no modern industry. It is slavery that has given the colonies thier value; it is the colonies that have created world trade, and it is world trade that is the pre-condition of

large scale industry. Thus, slavery is an econ-omic calegory of the greatest importance. "Without slavery, North America, the most progressive of countries would be transprogressive of countries would be trans-formed into a patriarchal country. Wipe out North America from the map of the world, and you will have anarchy — the complete decay of modern commerce and civilization. Abolish slavery, and you will have wiped America off the map of nations," (<u>Poverty of Philosophy</u>, Handbook, of Marxism, Marx, pp. 356-7), The entire United States Nation was tied to slavery, with the North selling the South meat slavery, with the North selling the South meats and cloth; and it was not until the North act-

ually began to produce more than the South could use did the struggle for political power inteuse did the struggle for political power inte-nsily. For one thing, once the North began lo produce corn and meat for export, two products that had once been solely traded to the South, and also when the North became principally an "industrial country," then the North no longer depended on the South as it had earlier. Prior to this, the only products the United States exported were cotton and tobacco, the products produced by slave labor. (See Engels-Poverty of Philosophy, Introduction). These facts made slavery more expendable, plus the fact that the American cotton monopoly now had to face powerful competition in India. had to face powerful competition in India, Brazil, Egypt... The gradual depletion of cotton lands, the increased prices of the slaves and consolidation of the Northern industrial economy forced. (cont on p.5)



The "peaceful transition to socialism," dished up by the revisionist CPUSA and the black bourgeoisie's non-violent revolution are related reformist lines, but the question of violence vs non-violence became a mass question in the U.S. for the black liberation movement and the answer of the masses rung out from the rebellions in the 60's, only armed struggle can break to back of national oppression, and these students at Cornell Univ. used armed self defense in their struggle against the forces of racism in 1968.

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FLAMES OF AZANIAN PEOPLE'S STRUGGLE

(cont. from p.1)

trouble, fail, make trouble again, fail a-gain...till their doom; that is the logic of the imperialists and all reactionaries the the imperialists and all reactionaries the world over in dealing with the people's cause, and they will never go against this logic. This is a Marxist law, When we say imperialist is rerocious', we mean that its nature will never change, that the imperialists will never lay down their bu-ther knives, that they will never become Buddhas, till their doom." (Mao Tsetung "Cast Away Illusions, Prepare For Strug-gle', Vol.4, Selected Works) But the masses operate by a totally dif-ferent logic than the Vorsters of the world,

decades by trying to full the people to sleep historically, and now to worm their way into the liberation movements and undermine the growing united front of the forces against colonialism and imperialism in South Africa. The USSR must pose In solution Africa. The USSR must pose internationally as the friend of the Azanian people, because they want to step into the shoes of US imperialism throughout Africa, just as US imperialism put on the mask of democracy after world wai two in its struggle to step into the shoes of the old British Imperialists in Africa, It becomes clearer and clearer each day in the struggle that Soviet social imperialism is the main

areas in Azania. I appealed to the Heads of State on behalf of my organization that the revolution that has been kindled there-and which has the support of the Pan Africanist Congress - is something that cannot just be put off. This revolution is a curtain raiser for the armed strug-gle, and therefore our serious concern is that the Frontline States must co-operate with us and give us transit facilities for our armed guerrilla units to go into the country to challange the racist regime and to defend to challange the racist regime and to detend our children. We informed them that the struggle at home will easily be put down by the racists with their armed troops because it is based on non-violence. The people are not using weapons to repel the reaction-ary violence of the racist regime's forces. We feel that since we have the knowledge and technique to wage a people's war based on guerrilla warlare, we can be in a posi-tion to direct the struggle there correctly. We requested these facilities and we told

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In the past PAC had made attempts to 0 enter South Africa through Mozambique and ANC had made an attempt to go through Rhodesia. The question that I would ask is that, given the fact that these were war zones at the time, why was not a greater effort made at infiltration through Bolswana? And if there was an effort, why was it not successful?

Well, it was not successful pe-A. Well, it was not successful be-cause this was not supported by the Front-line States. We were doing this on our own, and all the time we did, we fell into the hands of enemy agents. As you know, these neighboring countries' security is com-bined with the security apparatus of the racists, South Africa. All around Africa you will find BOSS (the South African Bureau of State Security) everywhere, you see. It is difficult to say that it is not here somewhere - BOSS is here. I remember our people were arrested in Bolswana and their weapons were arrested in Botswana and their weapons were confiscated and the OAU (Organization of African Unity) had to go and plead for their release. We made more than three attempts through there and every time we were caught.

In the past three months of turmoil in 0 South Africa several hundred people have been killed. What can come out of this struggle -If anything - if the liberation movements are not given the transit facilities that you have been asking for? In other words, can the struggle continue without the liberation movements?

It cannot. It will not be possible be-A. It cannot, it will not be possible be-cause the enemy is using armed violence against the uprising of our people there. This uprising is non-violent and therefore, the enemy will have the upper hand. Also, the struggle is not being fought with the energy the law of the upper hand. Also, the struggle is not being fought with the correct strategy of guerrilla warfare. It is just an uprising and people are not being properly deployed, they have no arms to reply back. So, the struggle will be short-lived until it can be directed along the correct lines of revolutionary armed struggle based on specific war. on people's war.

Q. One of the main calls being made by independent Africa and the OAU liberation committee is the call for unity among the various liberation movements, what does PAC see as the basis for unity with the other na-tionalist movements in South Africa - par-ticularly with the ANC?

A. I want to say that there is a serious mistake made by outsiders such as the OAU member states or the Liberation Committee to try and force and pressurize the liberation movements outside of their own countries. In to try and force and pressurize the liberation movements outside of their own countries. In the first place, they don't appear to understand what a united front is. A united front can only succeed inside the country where the struggle has to take root. The two liberation movements -PAC and ANC- in the first place, if they had a united front, this united front will just be on the surface. It will not be a correct united front because a united front means a front of ALL the organizations, ALL individuals -whether the intellectuals, the petty bourgeois-ie, or whomever - as long as those people have contradictions with the enemy and they are opposed to the enemy. All those who are op-posed to the enemy can have a united front for the purpose of defeating the enemy in the stage of the national democratic revolution. Therefore, a united front is really not a uni-led front if we have to unite with the ANC outside, and think we have a united front in-side the country. It is not correct. There are teachers' organizations, there are nurse's organizations, there are a host of others, and individuals who have contradictions with the enemy. We have to make an analysis of class-es and be able to know who are against us and who is the enemy, and who is opposed to the enemy, and who can be with us in the struggle. who is the enemy, and who is opposed to the enemy, and who can be with us in the struggle

On the basis of PAC's analysis, who are your allies and who is the enemy

A. Our allies are the peasants and wor-kers inside Azania. And the enemy is the racist regime backed by the imperialist po-wers with all of those – the capitalists – who are the exploiters of our country. But all of those who have contradictions with the enemy at this stage of the national democratic revolution - we are prepared to unite them in this first stage.

Q. Some of PAC's detractors have ta-belied you as racialist and anti-commun-ist. Where does PAC stand ideologically? A. Well, that is the maticious slander of those who are afraid of us because of our correct political line. Between the capitalist road and the socialist road, PAC has taken the correct scientific socialist road based on Marxist-Leninist philoso-(cont. on p.5) (cont. on p.5)



Countries want independence, nations want liberation, and the people want revolution -- this is the main and irresistible trend in the world today! The racist colonial regime in South Africa has done so much harm to the people of Azania that they will surely not allow the murderers of Steven Biko go unpunished! The masses of Azania and the oppressed peoples of the U.S. must close ranks against imperialism and social imperialism; they will never put down the butcher knife voluntarily, revolution is the solution.

and summing up the people's experience Mao got to the heart of the Azanian peoples strug-gle and their logic when he saio: "Fight, fail, fight again, fail again, fight again...till their victory; that is the logic of the people. their victory: that is the logic of the people, and they too will never go against this logic. This is another Markist law." (Ibid) Certainly, the just and heroic struggle of the Azanian people against hundreds of years of colonial and national oppression, has cap-tured the attention of the whole world's peo-ples, now more than ever before as the Aza-nian masses are awakening! This is a major political event in the world. And people are learning profound lessons by witnessing and in many cases supporting this political awa-kening, which is part of the whole third world's awakening. South Africa is part of the third world, the stomcenter of world revolution today, of the people's struggle against colonialism and imperialism, and the weakest link of the chain of imperialist op-pression and exploitation. The third world weakest link of the chain of imperialist op-pression and exploitation. The third world is the stormcenter of world revolution pre-cisely because all of the various contra-dictions that riddle imperialism are concen-trated in their most barbaric and undisguised forms in Africa, Asia, Latin America and other regions where they are the chief force strug-gling against the bloody beast, imperialism. And just as Vorster cannot put out the flames of the Azanian people's struggle against co-lonialism in South Africa, the bourgeois press cannot continue to mask the ugly fea-tures of the two superpowers from the great press cannot continue to mask the ugly fea-tures of the two superpowers from the great masses of the people of the world. While U.S. Imperialism tries hard to hide and dis-guise its bloody hand in South African co-fonialism, people know full well that it is only trying to protect its vested imperialist interests. And the USSR social imperialism is exposed more and more everyday as the train an peoples struggles reach a new high a ait the stories of the betrayals of their fired henchmen in South Africa, come out, we are talking here about the USSR's tifth column in South Africa, the revisionist so-called "Communist Party" of South Africa, which has been trying hard to hi-jack the revolution in South Africa for

sored sermons on non-violence will trick, the liberation movements in South Africa, but the USSR penetration inside the ranks the people's liberation organizations designed to weaken their revolutionary of 15 determination to root out colonialism and imperialism in South Africa. The Pan-Africanist Congress (PAC)

of Azania has consistently exposed the danger of both superpowers in South Africa. As one of the outstanding liberation move-As one of the outstanding liberation move-ments in Southern Airica and part of the growing united front against South Airi-can national and colonial oppression, the PAC has contributed much toward the kind of revolutionary political awakening we are witnessing in South Africa today. The following interview with a leading comrade in the PAC is the first part of a talk in Dar es Salaam, Tanzania, which help us to see clearly the political, social and mi-litary realities of Southern Africa, and es-pecially South Africa today. We are pro-viding this report to help all revolution-ary and progressive forces in the world to close tanks and unite against the racist colonial and national oppression of the Azanian people. Azanian people.

The Frontline States (Tanzania, Zam-Q. The Frontine States (fahrania, Zam-bia, Mozambique, Botswana and Angola) have just completed a summit meeting here in Dar es Salaam at which the various. liberation movements spoke and presented their views on the situation in Southern Africa. What position did the PAC put for-ward to the Frontline Heads of State?

A. The position was quile clear, as far as PAC was concerned. I put forward the PAC's position and Oliver Tambo represented the ANC of South Africa (African National Congress). I informed the Heads of State about the situation pre valling in Azanta (South Africa), and they wanted to know particularly our attitude concerning the uprising that is taking place in the country, in Sowelo, Johannes-burg, Cape Town and a number of other

are alraid of retaliation by the racists. If the guerrilla units can pass through the meighboring states to South Africa and are then under so-called hot pursuit, they will be pursued back into these neighboring states. But the position is clear -today the OAU has a majority of military regimes and they should be asked by the Frontline States to go and assist them militarily to repet the enemy aggres-sion. And also, a number of African coun-tries are well-to-do, are rich - oil rich countries like Algeria, Nigeria, Lybia and others - they can assist economically and then the question of the economy should not are afraid of retaliation by the racists. then the question of the economy should not be an excuse for the Frontline States for not making sacrifices to assist the armed struggle in Azania. We have in fact said that we are prepared to enter into a minimum that we are prepared to enter into a minimum program to initiate the armed struggle in Azania rather than to see this year go by without an armed struggle. We have in-formed them that we have no problem in so far as manpower and weapons are con-cerned - we have these things. We want to go to Azania today to wage the armed struggle. struggle

). Have the Frontline States shown any willingness to give the transit law itles which you have requested? which

A. All that they have said to us was that now the aemed struggle has split over benow the aemed struggle has split over be-yond Zimbabwe and Namibia — in other words the priorities of the Dar es Salaam strategy (to first liberate Zimbabwe and Namibia and THEN tackle South Africa) are no longer operative and that the struggle now must continue right up to Cape Town. But they were not able to commit themselves as to whether they will give us those facilities. I think the question of giving us those facil-ties is a matter between the liberation move-ments concerned to discuss with the different ments concerned to discuss with the different. Frontline States neighboring our country without having to go to the press - how we can work out the mechanism of initiating an immediate armed struggle. struggle.

Reprint

OCTOBER-NOVEMBER EDITION Page 3 1977

Thousands of our last newspaper were printed badly on page 3. This is a reprint to rectify that situation, from the last of that editorial criticizing Workers' View-point Organization's line. But this was not point Organization's line. But this was not the only error in that newspaper; there were many mistakes in spelling and general slop-piness that stem from right errors in our work. We think that this paper shows that we have begun to struggle against these.

RCL said that we did not agree that WVO "was the party" nor "the foundation for the Party". We did not see the majority of genuine Marxist-Leninists having been united - which we take as the principal aspect of our two simultaneous tactical tasks of party building — nor do we see any evidence of Advanced Workers in key evidence of Advanced Workers in key basic industries around this coun-try having been won to Communism. This is compounded by the absolute lack of Program put out by WVO, i.e., Maximum and Minimum goals and Strategy and Tactics for accomplish-them. RCL sees this program being put together only as a result of the ideological struggle over political line, and this is what makes "poli-tical line key link" in moving the party building motion forward to-wards its "organization is key link" stage. WVO, incredibly enough said that

stage. WVO, incredibly eaough said that it had United the genuine Marxist -Leninists in the US (except for RCL)! They also said, that it was true that more work had to be done among the Advanced, but they had reached an acceptable level of winning the idvanced right now!! As far as pro-gram. WVO said that all one had to do was check its journals and news-papers over the years and the pro-gram could be found!!! Incredible to the third power! gram

gram could be found!!! Incredible to the third power! WVO's line on the 1st fantasy that they have already united all the genuine Marxist-Leninists in the country is the plain out sectarianism and small group mentality the ar-ticle in Peking Review mentioned. The Marxist-Leninists they haven't united with represent "other trends" if you listen to WVO, and never the twain shall meet! Excellent example of the subjectivism and idealism of of the subjectivism and idealism of the petty bourgeoisic. It is also an excellent example of the kind of "Left" sectarianism which is the hallmark of the Gang of 4 and the "Wing". Too many times, in too many instances organizations in the Anti-Revisionist Communist Movement

instances organizations in the Anti-Revisionist Communist Movement (ARCM) in the US are quick to label easily other organizations and peo-ple inside their own organizations "opportunists" to set up " "cap factories" and "steel plants" to label and deal mortal blows at people who raise different views..." (PR No.32, Aug.5, 1977) This is not mobilizing all positive fac-tors, or beginning with a desire for unity. This is petty bourgeois sec-tarianism. Both 1.PR and WVO term each other "consolidated oppor-tunists", WVO's explanation of of this is that LPR has struggled with them in an unprincipled fashion. LPR's condemnation of WVO as "m consolidated Right Opportunist Or-ganization" would also benefit by more in depth analysis relating spec-ifically to the creation of a party program. The "Left" sectarian attacks a la Gang of 4 & "Wing" ifically to the creation of a party program. The "Left" sectarian attacks a la Gang of 4 & "Wing" add so clarity to our struggle, bring us no close to a party, though criticism of opportunism and the abi-lity to draw clear and firm lines of demarcation are essential. Many organizations subjectively and in tho-roughly secturian fashion tell us in each issue of their sewspapers that the gennine communist party has either already sprung directly out of their foreheads Zeus etyle, or that it soon will, or otherwise they imply that they are key and central to all party building efforts, not that Marxist-Leminists have to Unite based on the ideolo-pical struggle over political line, which pats together the program, but that they, this one organization, merely by adding a few people here and

there some bodies, actually will be miraculously trans-ist-Leninist Communist party that will lead the working class in war and victory against of socialism under the dicta-torship of the proletariat. The only correct line is VLRXIST-EAMORED TO COUMINSM. As far as the Win The Advanced function of the working of the seen have been student ty pes and the petty boargeoisie and the intel-ectuals, who all tend to merge. By saying look at our journals and function of program, which RCL of the Communist Party of the pholds, as stated in the llistory of the Gommunist Party of the pholds, as stated in the llistory of the struggle of the working class. There is the struggle of the working class of the struggle of the working class. There is program they are cele-torship to look in journals and news-papers for their program they are cele-torship in the to our "mystifying program". We think to say the pro-gram amounted to our "mystifying program". We think to say the pro-gram and the series and working is and bill of journals when on pro-paning into the start or program is some-where in there, so that one can rush a bill of program is program is some-bilt of program is program is some-bilt of program is program is some-bilt of portal is det organiza-tion with scant aim at program is some-where in there, so that one can rush which people mast carry suitcases and of journals & to refer to the program who here is and when y are carry suitcases and bill of journals & to refer to the program who here is and the program is some-shere in there, so that one can rush which people mast carry suitcases and in journals & to refer to the program who which they are supposed

<text><text>

UNITY & STRUGGLE

REPLY TO COMRADE KUO MO-JO

- to the tune of Man Chiang Hung

January 9, 1963

On this tiny globe

A few flies dash themselves against the wall, Humming without cease, Sometimes shrilling, Sometimes moaning. Ants on the locust tree assume a great-nation swagger

And mayflies lightly plot to topple the giant tree. The west wind scatters leaves over Changan, And the arrows are flying, twanging.

So many deeds cry out to be done, And always urgently; 1.0 The world rolls on, Time presses. Ten thousand years are too long, Seize the day, seize the hour! The Four Seas are rising, clouds and waters raging, The Five Continents are rocking, wind and thunder roaring.

Our force is irresistible, Away with all pests!

Chairman

Mao Tse-Tung:

1893-1976

ELAN LIVING AND

Dialectical and Historical Materialism: From History of the Communist Party Soviet Union (Bolshevik) 1939

Part 10

"ONE OF THE FEATURES of pro duction is that it never stays at one point for a long time and is always in a state of change and development, and that, further-more, changes in the mode of production inevitably call forth changes in the whole social system, social ideas, political social system, social ideas, political views and political institutions-they call Views and political institutions-they call forth a reconstruction of the whole social and political order. At different stages of development people make use of dif-ferent modes of production, or, to put it more crudely, lead different manners of life. In the primitive commune there is one mode of production, under stavery there is another mode of production under stavery there is mode of production, under slavery there is another mode of production, under leudalism a third mode of production, and so on. And, correspondingly, men's social system, the spiritual life of men, their views and poli-tical institutions also vary. Whatever is the mode of production of a society, such in the main is the society itself, its ideas and theories, its political views, and institutions.

views

views and institutions. Or, to put it more crudely, whatever is man's manner of life, such is his manner of

thought. This means that the history of develop-ment of society is above all the history of the development of production, the history of the modes of production which succeed each other in the course of centuries, the history of the development of productive forces and of the development of productive forces and people' relations of production. Hence the history of social development is at the same time the history of the pro-

ducers of material values themselves, the his-tory of the labouring masses who are the chiel force in the process of production and who carry on the production of material values necessary for the existence of society, Hence, if historical science is to be

Hence, if historical science is to be a real science, it can no longer reduce the history of social development to the actions of of kings and generals, to the actions of "conquerors" and "subjugators" of states but must above all devote itself to the his-tory of the producers of material values, the history of the fabouring masses, the his-tory of people's

tory of peoples. Hence the clue to the study of the laws of history of society must not be sought in men's minds, in the views and ideas of society, but in the mode of production praclised by society in any given historical period; it must be sought in the economic

life of society. Hence the prime lask of historical science is to study and disclose the laws of production, the laws of development of the production, the laws of economic develop-ment of society.

ment of society. Hence, if the party of the protetariat is to be a real party, it must above all acquire a knowledge of the laws of the development of

a knowledge of the laws of the development o production, of the laws of economic develop-ment of society. Hence, if it is not to err in policy, the party of the proletariat must both in drafting its program and in its political activities proceed primarily from the laws of develop-ment of production, from the laws of eco-nomic development of society. A SECOND FEATURE of production is that its changes and development always

that its changes and development always begin with changes and development of the

productive forces, and, in the first place, with changes and development of the in-struments of production. Productive forces are therefore the most mobile and revolu-tionary element of production. First the productive forces of society change and develop and then, DEPENDING on these changes and IN CONFORMITY WITH THEM, men's rela-tions of production, their economic relations, "hange. This, however does not mean that the relations of production do not influence the development of the productive forces and that the latter are not dependent on the for-mer, While their development is dependent on the development of the productive forces, the relations of production in their turn react upon the development of the productive forces, accelerating or relarding it. In this connec-tion it should be noted that the relations of production cannot for too long a time lag be-hind and be in a state of contradiction to the growth of the productive forces, inasmuch as the productive forces can develop in full



easure only when the relations of production correspond to the character, the slate of the productive forces and allow full on the productive forces and allow full scope for their development. Therefore, how-ever much the relations of production may lag tehind the development of the produc-tive forces, they must, scoper or later, come into correspondence with-and actually do come into correspondence with-the fevel of development of the productive forces, the character of the antipulation forces, the character of the productive forces, the wise we would have a fundemental viola-tion of the unity of the productive forces and the relations of production within the system of production, a disruption of pro-duction as a whole, a crisis of production, 1

destruction of productive forces. An instance in which the relations of An instance in which the relations of production do not correspond to the char-acter of the productive forces, conflict with them, is the economic crisis in capi-talist countries, where private capitalist ownership of the means of production is in glaring incongruity with the social character of the process of production, with the char-acter of the productive forces. This results, in economic crisis which lead to the do in economic crisis which lead to the de-struction of productive forces. Furthermore this incongruity itself constitutes the eco-nomic basis of social revolution, the purose of which is to destroy the existing relations of production and to create new rela of production corresponding to the inter of the productive forces." lions character To be continued

NEW DEVELOPMENTS IN CHINA'S COUNTRYSIDE: side A People's Co Report from Tungling Philosophy is No Mystery Serving the People with Dislectics A Young Painbreaker 50 1 50 5.0 A Young Paihbreaker On the Question of Agricult. Cooperation, Mac Report of an Investigation into the Pleasant Movement in Hunan (1927) 1.39 1.00 Osen by William Hinton 11.95 A Year In Opper Felicity, Jack Chen 18.96 Subscription to Chine Reconstructs \$3/year, \$4.50/2 years \$6/3 years CHINA BOOKS 2009 - July Street San Frances CA 941 125 Film America, here San XY 10000 210 W. Madamira, here San XY 10000 . Io . nent in full including tax 8 . Free satisfies of books magazines waters great



centrism, on the three world thesis. While proclaiming that they uphold the Three centrism, on the three world designs, while proclaiming that they uphold the Three World Theory, LPR uses the fact of the two line struggle to imply that since there are great Marxist-Leninist parties on ei-ther side of the struggle, LPR can get away without firmly taking one side or the other. To artificially "reconciliate" two oppos-sing sides is centrism. But one of these

positions correlates with objective reality, positions correlates with objective reality, the other is idealist and erroneous. RCL upholds Chairman Mao's analysis of the Three Worlds as a scientific evaluation of class forces in the world today. The anti-Three Worlds line is dogma, of a blatantly metaphysical nature - which does on actual evaluation of forces schweiker. no actual evaluation of forces struggling in the world today - but proceeds from ab-straction to abstraction denying the obvious real life situation in the world today. LPR does not want to characterize one

line as wrong because II is held by one lead-ing Marxist-Leninist party, yet It wants to verbalize that they uphold the Three World

Theory. The THREE WORLD THEORY lays out the world as it is contemporarily di-vided by the development of imperialism: with the US and the USSR making up the background the USSR making up the advanced First World, the superpowers; the advanced capitalist and revisionist countries are the Second World; and the socialist coun-tries and oppressed nations, mainly of Asia, Africa and Latin America, consti-fute the Third World. This correct line also, based on a concrete analysis of con-crete conditions, holds that the Third World is the MAIN force struggling against Imperialism, Colonialism, Neo-colonialism, Racism, Zionism, and Superpower He-gemonism. And ILis is obvious to anyone observing the world as it actually is, ex-cept the Sectarians and Dogmatists obscept the Sectarians and Dogmatists obs-curing reality with outdated texts. The most intense struggles, the struggles in which imperialism's blood is being spilled open-ity by the revolutionary forces is in the Third World. The Three World Theory sets the ba-sis for a World United Front against impe-rialism, showing who are the protestrial's friends and who are the enemes, who is the main danger and what the strategy & tactics for world protestrian revolution. The anti-Three World forces, by utili-zing the theory of social systems (i.e., that the world's principal division is bethat the world's principal division is tween socialism and capitalism), DENY ACTUAL REALITY, which is that the sharpest of the four fundamental contrasharpest of the four fundamental contra-dictions in imperialism is imperialism versus the people and nations of the Third World. This is incorrect, and the heory of social systems also isolates the proletarial from its allies and opts for ei-ther adventurism or quietism. LPR mouths upholding the Three World Theory, but immediately takes a line which supports the anti-Three World Theory -e.g., they oppose the correct line of sup-porting the unity and strengthening of the western powers against Soviet Social im-

western powers against Soviet Social Imperialisi

LPR does not hold that Soviel Social Imperialism is the MAIN danger of war, they take up the undialectical line of the anti-Three World Theory forces in saying that the two superpowers are exactly the same. the two superpowers are exactly the same. This is a flat denial of Lemmism, and Le-min's profound analysis of uneven deve-lopment. In imperialism. The contention between the two superpowers is based in part on the uneven development which sees one superpower (the US) protect-ing its interests and the other superpower the lean and hunger one (the US) is the lean and hungry one (the USSR), in-volved with expansionism at all costs

We lean and hengty one (the USSR), in-volved with expansionism at all costs Chairman Mao In ON CONTRADICTION op-poses the "static absolutes" of the bank-rupt theory of equilibrium. But LPR opposes and the static absolutes of the theory and theory of equilibrium. But LPR opposes and the world's camp. LPR denies that Soviet Social Impe-rialism is the main danger of war and main dworld (as demonstrated clearly by their aggression in Angola, Zaire and Ethio-pia) upholding the bankrupt equilibrium theory that would dismiss the concrete reality that the U.S. is in decline and de-fensive and the USSR is the rising aggres-sive superpower, Mao criticized the Deboin school in the USSR, in ON CONTRADICTION for not understanding ALL DIFFERENCES ARE CONTRADICTIONS. To deny this is to deny dialectics and to deny reality LPR opposes the strengthening of NATO in the face of the coming fascist social imperialist Soviet Union, by saying that NATO its an appendage of the US. This denies the very though ping up balaces.

the Second World and the Superpowers for independence, We support the strengthening of the Western European Second World countries against Pascist Soviet Social Imperialism. LPR must deny that Soviet Social Imperialist and that the focus of U.S. Imperialist–USSR social Imperialist struggle is Europel struggle is Europel

Struggle is Europe! One breaks into two! West Europe strug-gles against the US and the USSR. Part of this struggle is for more control over NATO and to make it more independent from the USA. This could be seen as far back as De Gaulle.

back as De Gauile. But LPR even outspokenly denies that the Second World is really struggling against the Superpowers. LPR says that the prin-cipal characteristic of the Second World is its oppression of the Third World. But such a thing, if it was reality, would deny the possibility of alliance! It would render the Three Worlds Theory unlenable, Well how then can LPR "uphold" the Three World Theory and strill make errors like

World Theory and still make errors like characterizing the Second World as prin-cipally the oppressors of the Third World, cipally the oppressors of the Inird World, rather than seeing that the Superpowers interfering, meddling and ripping off the interests of the Second World including its domination of the Third World is what makes the Second World fight against Superpower domination in the first place!

Comrades, you can not have it both ways. Either uphold the profound and correct Three World Theory of Chairman Mao's or say hello

World Theory of Chairman Mao's or say hello to the swamp! LPR slanders us by saying that because we favor the strengthening of Western Europe IN STRUGGLE WITH U.S. HEGEMONISM AND IN DEFENSE AGAINST USSR SOCIAL IM-PERIALISM that we support the B-1 Bomber and the U.S. war preparations. Nonsense. We oppose superpowers war preparations. We support Western Europe's unity against superer war - against US hegemonism and USSR attack.

LPR claims also that the Panama treaty is no victory for the Panamanian people, a completely "left" line. The treaty does re-present a big victory for the Panamanian peo-ple. The US has been forced to make a trea-ty that says that the canal belongs to the Panamanian people. LPR scolls and says it is 1999 before Panama takes over; that is only 23 years. Before the treaty, it was never Most of the land around the canal becomes.

Most of the land around the canal becomes Panama's territory immediately, the other part in 23 years. This is a great move from the U.S. control until "eternity" (or as the treaty had stated "in perpetuity"). Management of the canal will now be jointly shared. All US troops will withdraw, according to the treaty, by Dec. 31, 1999. The U.S. does maintain in the treaty "pri-mary responsibility to defend and protect the canal" but it is idealism to think the U.S. imperialists would completely back out of Panama at once. The Panama treaty is part of the oro-

The Panama treaty is part of the proindependence, anti-hegemonistic struggle against the two Superpowers waged by the Third World. Not to see the treaty as a positive step is to deny stages of revolutionary development and condemn Panama because it has not yet brought socialism to Panama with the treaty nor even got rid of the U.S. completely, (See Peking Review No. 37-38, Sept. 13, 1977)

Completely, (See Peking Review No. 37–38, Sept. 13, 1977) LPR again, in practice, denies the imple-mentation, the practical, tactical line of the Three Worlds Theory, making great "left"s statements that liquidate objective condi-tions, stages of revolutionary development, and the clear reality of the Third World's national democratic, anti-hegemony struggle against the superpowers. Only armed strug-gle can bring socialist revolution Comrades, the positive step in Panama, merely prepares more clearly the arena, like all reforms and the national democratic revolution itself, clears the arena for the final showdown be-tween the Panamanian proletariat and its domestic reactionaries. Not to see slimi-nation of Imperialism and hegemonism as a prerequisite for the socialist revolution is akin to the thinking of trotskyltest LPR took such centrist and left deviate lines all day. Comrades, you say you up-

LPR took such centrist and left deviate lines all day. Comrades, you say you up-hold the Communist Party of China and Chairman Mao's correct and profound Three worlds Theory and oppose the enemy Gang of Four. You are to be commended for your swift and resolute action in upholding the great and correct CPC against the Gang. But perhaps more actual study of the Gang's lines which were "Left" opportunist, trotskylle, idealist-philosophically, sec-tarian-organizationally and revisionist-po-litically will lead you to understand the great influence their lines have had on the anti-(cont on p.5) (cont on p.5)

(Chairman Mao Talks to the People, ed. S. Schram, 1974, pgs. 277-278) And Chairman Mao went on to criticize them for Trolskyite

criotsl Chiang Ching also rose with Lin Plao, who set her up for praise in the realm of cul-ture, based on false credit she was given for other people's work. Historically, she was a renegade that worked for the Kuomin-tang in the 1930's in reactionary capitulatang in the 1930's in reactionary capitula-tionist films, snuck into the Party with a

was a renegade that worked for the Kuomin-tang in the 1930's in reactionary capitula-tionist films, snuck into the Party with a false history, and finally with the collusion of Lin Piao rose during the Cultural Revolu-tion. She had a disruptive effect on litera-ture and art, suppressing much of the art that the people produced in China. To make it clear, Chairman Mao said: "She doesn't speak for me, she speaks for herself." (Peking Review, No. 35, 1977, page 26) Chiang Ching's mask of struggling for women's liberation must be pulled off to clear the air: her politics and policy on women was bourgeois! She attempted to disrupt the revolu-tionary orientation on the woman question so that she could use women as a force in her own seizure of power. The woman question is a class question, but Chiang Ching put out the line that it was the battle of the sexes, i.e., men vs women, and not proletariat vs bourg-eoise. "Both in countries with bour-geoise governments and with prolet-arian governments, whoever is in power represents the interest of his or her own class, never those of either men or women." (China Reconstructs, June 1977, page 6) At the same time she abused quite a few women, both veteran and going as lar as to have one nurse brought up on charges & put under arrest because the nurse was "too slow" getting empress Chiang Ching a drink abused this gang of 4 renegades, who wanted to impose a bourgeois dicta-torship over the working class: that is what capitalist restoration aims to do. Yao Wen-yuan, like we said earlier, was an alien class element who rose to prominence along with Chang Chum-Yao Wen-yuan, like we said earlier, was an alien class element who rose to

prominence along with Chang Chun-chiao & Chiang Ching in Shanghai, under

EDITORIAL (cont. from p.12) Chairman Mao Talks to the People, ed. S. Schram, 1974, pgs. 277–278) And Chairman Mao went on to criticize them for Trotskyite errors! Chiang Ching also rose with Lin Piao, who set her up for praise in the realm of cul-ture, based on false credit she was given ture, based on false credit she was given ture. that "empiricism was the main danger" in order to hide the fact that revis-ionism is the main danger. Chairman Mao said: "It seems the formulation nonism is the main danger. Chairman Mao said: "It seems the formulation should be: Oppose revisionism which includes empiricism and dogmatism. Both revise Marxism-Leninism. Don't mention just one while omitting the other." "In my opinion, those who are criticizing empiricism are themselves empiricists." (P.R. no. 49, 1976, page 7) Ideologically, this was part of idealism that the Gang of 4 spread in China, despite Chairman Mao's criticisms. In fact the gang went on tours spreading the falacy that the struggle against "empiricism is the key link"! Ideologically they tried to turn reality on its head with this idealism, which has been used by different reactionary classes throughout history to fooi the people. Actually, as Marxism teaches, "the standpoint of life, of practice, should be first and fundamental in the theory of knowledge." (Lenin, as quoted in Study Philosophy, Peking Review Reprints, page 14) In battling against idealism and dogmatism, Chairman Mao said: "The Marxist philosophy of dialectical materialism has two out-standing characteristics. One is its class nature: It openly avows that dialectical materialism is in the service of the proletariat. The other is its prac-ticality: It emphasizes the dependence of the ory on practice, and in turn serves practice. The truth of any know-isubjective feelings, but by objective results in social practice. Only social practice can be the criterion for truth." (Mao, On Practice, Vol. 1, page 297) Basically, the Gang of 4 are a bunch of your practice, who is social practice can be the criterion for truth." should be: Oppose revisionism which

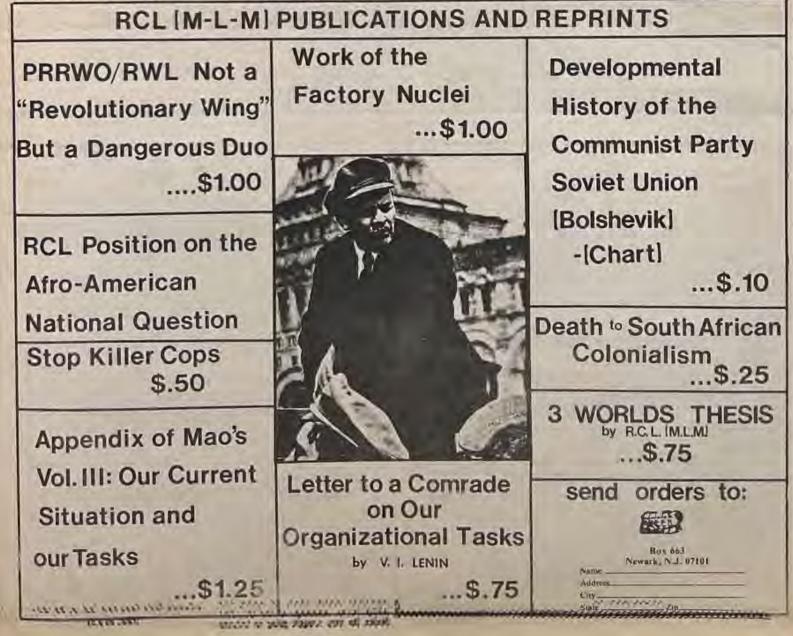
Basically, the Gang of 4 are a bunch of counter-revolutionary scabs, who struck an ultra-left pose to intimidate people and to hide their actual political line which was right in essence. The Gang of 4 practiced revisionism poll-tically, idealism ideologically, and sectarianism organizationally. They were jackats from the same lair as the renegade Wang Ming, another "left" opportunist, who like the psychopaths of the so-called "Revolutionary Wing" right here in the anti-revisionist communist movement, also styled themselves "100 % Bolshevik". It seems obvious that the Anti-revis-

also styled themselves "100 % Bolshevik". It seems obvious that the Anti-revis-ionist communist movement in the U.S. must make rectification a serious project because we have been deeply influenced by the lines of the Gang of 4, and while fighting the main right deviation in this country, we have allowed that Right deviation to cover the idealist, meta-physical and sectarian "Left" style and method that has in the main isol-ated the anti-revisionist communist movement from the advanced and the broad masses.

movement from the advanced and the broad masses. The gang worked leverishly to mani-pulate public opinion for their counter-revolutionary ends; thus, they have tampered with Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought and muddled a great many people's thinking concerning Marxism-Leninism-Mao Tsetung Thought. The heroic struggle of the Chinese masses, headed up by the GPC, against the Gang of 4 is somewhat similar to the Bolshevik Party's struggle against the Trolskyites more than 50 yrs ago. Like Trols, the Gang of 4 distorted Marxism in all areas, distorting Mao's revolutionary line on distorting Mao's revolutionary line on political economy, scientific socialism and philosophy. This has caused confusion in China and in the U.S.. In terms of in China and in the U.S.. In terms of political economy, the essence of the gang's distortion was to babble that for the CPC to promote the socialist economy forward, was "the theory of the productive forces" & " Laying the foundation for capitatism". The CPC taid these bogus lines to rest with the correct line on the relationship between revolution and production with the correct time on the relationship between revolution and production under the dictatorship of the prolet-ariat, and explained the proletariat's task this way: "Therefore, after seizing political power, the proletariat must firmly keep the power of political rule

in its hands, persist in taking class struggle as the key link and adopt a correct line so as to guarantee the maximum development of the social economy. Obviously, the commanding role of politics over economics cannot be seperated from the development of the economy, otherwise the commanding role of politics over economics simply does not exist." (Peking Review, No. 34, 1977, page 32) The Gang of 4 departed from the materialist dialectics of Marxism-Lennism-Mao Tsetung Thought, and spread idealism 8 metaphysics. They acted as if the dictatorship of the proletariat could exist without a material base, i.e. the socialist economy! "They denied that, 'mankind must first of all eat, drink, have shelter and clothing, before it can pursue politics, science, art, religion, ect." (Engels, Speech at the Graveside of Karl Marx, 1883)" (As quoted in Peking Review No. 34, page 37) Socialism must have a growing material base to consolidate & strengthen the dictatorship of the proletariat: the Gang of 4 purposefully distorted and adulterated our understanding of the fundamentals of Marxism, so they could paralyze the dictatorship of the proletariat by sabolaging the socialist economy. And they actually pushed a could paralyze the dictatorship of the protetariat by sabotaging the socialist economy. And they actually pushed a straight up capitalist line on economy, similar to Liu Shao-chi, by letting the economy handle itself. Laissez-laire style, which is the capitalist road! Several areas under their control have been noted in that socialist sectors of the economy were sabotaged and paralyzed while capitalism and corruption went unobstructed.

the economy were sabolaged and paralyzed while capitalism and corruption went unobstructed. Politically they practiced revis-ionism. Yao's article and the campaign against "empiricism" was actually a smokescreen for the attack on the veteran cadres in the GPC, whose revolutionary experience in the great Chinese Revolution, the gang of 4 attempted to undermine by calling them bourgeois democrats and capitalist roaders. Chairman Mao said that only a handful of Party members were capitalist roaders, and that most comrades had remolded their outlook in the rectif-ication movements during the revolution, ication movements during the revolution, otherwise, one would be misled to believe that China had a bourgeois democratic (cont. on p.5)



EDITORIAL RCL'S POSITION ON THE GANG OF FOUR

PART 1

The Revolutionary Communist League (M-L-M) resolutely supports the wise de-cision of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China, led by Chair-man Hua Kuo-leng, to shatter the criminal schemes of the anti-Party clique of Wang Hung-wen, Chang Chun-chiao, Chiang Ching, and Yao Wen-yuan to usurp Party and state power in the People's Repub-lic of China. The Gang of 4 are the latest in a series of unrepentent capitalist roaders in China, cut from the same cloth as the renegades Liu Shao-chi and Lin Piao, who attempted to restore capital-ism in the People's Republic of China and who were crushed by the people of China led by the CPC. We join the peo-ple of China and the international com-munist and worker's movement & all oppressed people in rejoicing from the bot-tom of our hearts this great victory. Our The Revolutionary Communist League tom of our hearts this great victory. Our conclusions are based on the facts and conclusions are based on the facts and scientific analysis published in the Peking Review, especially Nos. 3, 13, 15, 16, 21, 23, and 25 of Peking Review during 1977, and our understanding of the questions struggled out in these documents, using the works of Karl Marx, Frederick Engels, V.I. Lenin, Joseph Stalin and Chairman Mao as a guide in dealing with the vital questions about the foundations of Marx-ism, political economy, scientific social-ism, and philosophy, which the Gang of 4 tampered with and distorted. We also did research to get cross references on Mao's research to get cross references on Mao's crilicisms of the Gang of 4 in publications and documents dating back to accounts in the 1960's during the Great Proletarian Cultural Revolution, initiated and led by Chairman Mao in China.

in China. The struggle against the Gang of 4 is a life-and-death struggle between the two classes, the two roads and the two lines, and the proletariat has won ano-ther victory, keeping China on the so-cialist road under the dictatorship of the proletariat, and defending the purity and strength of Marxism- Leminism-Mao Tse tung Thought against revisionist tam-pering. Thus, we firmly support the Oc-tober 7, 1976 Resolution of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China appointing Comrade Hua Kuo-leng as Chairman of the CC

and Chairman of the Military Com-mission of the CPC Central Committee. "Chairman Mao has constantly taught us: It is imperative to note that one ten-dency covers another." (Chou En-lai, Report to the 10th National Congress of the CPC, pg. 18) Thus, the opposition to the revisionism of Liu Shao-chi, the right, covered Lin Piao's revisionism and the revisionism of the Gang of 4's "Left"

the Cultural Revolution. Pushing a semi-Trotskyite political line, idealism & metaphysics in ideology, and sectarianmetaphysics in ideology, and sectarian-ism and factionalism organizationally, the Gang of 4 went a long way to disrupt the development of the Great Protetarian Cultu-ral Revolution and to sabotage its revolu-tionary objectives. Chairman Mao and the CPC put forward the directive of using the method of conducting debates by reason and



Chairman Mao Tsetung was the great continuer of the revolutionary work of Marx, Engels, Lenin, and Stalin. Going against the tide of modern revisionism, Mao faunched a struggle against the revisionist tide led by the CPSU. Before his death Chairman Mao initiated the struggle vs the revisionism of the Gang of Four setting a good example for us.

in form but right in essence deviations. As Lenin said, "The dialectics of his-tory are such that the theoretical vic-tory of Marxism obliged its enemies to DISGUISE THEMSELVES as Marxists." (As quoted in PR, No. 35, 1977) In fact in order to keep this cover of their er-rors, the Gang of 4 forbade the mention of the ultra-"leftism" of Lin Plao. (The Rise and Fall of the "Gang of Four", pg. 14). 14)

Chairman Mao criticized the Gang of 4 over and over again for their erroneous theory & practice, warning them: "PRACTICE MARXISM-LENINISM, AND NOT REVISION-ISM; UNITE, AND DON'T SPLIT; BE OPEN AND ABOVEBOARD, AND DON'T INTRIGUE AND CONSPIRE. DON'T FUNCTION AS A

GANG OF FOUR, STOP DOING THAT ANY-GANG OF FOUR STOP DOING TAX ART MORE, WHY DO YOU KEEP ON DOING SO? WHY DON'T YOU UNITE WITH THE MORE THAN 200 MEMBERS OF THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE PARTY? A FEW BANDING TOGETHER IS NO GOOD, NEVER BANDING TOGETHER IS NO GOOD, NEVER ANY GOOD," (Peking Review No. 35, p. 27) But the Gang of 4 was a bunch of double-dealers, who actually never accepted the criticism of Chairman Mao, and used every opportunity to oppose Mao's revolutionary line in retaliation! Wang Hung-wen, is a typical representa-tive of the newborn bourgeoisis elements, who dressed himself up like a "rebel", a "lead-et of the workers", and a "newborn force." (P.R. No. 6, 1977, p. 10) Actually Wang Hung-wen furns out to have been a real

scoundrel & a scab, guilty of plotting the overthrow of the revolutionary dictatorship of the protetariat in China, promoting em-bezzelers and other bad elements from be-

bezzelers and other bad elements from be-hind-the-scenes, and this clown actually attempted to overthrow Premier Chou En-lai by trumping up charges against Premier Chou so that the Gang of 4 could form a bourgeois cabinet! What kind of "rebel" was Wang? Wang was a working class renegade, who be-trayed the interests of the working class: "After usurping a portion of the power of the central authorities, he grabbed every-thing he could lay his hands on either through deciet or by force, and he committed all kinds of evil...He lived a most extravagant and licentious life: in fact, he outdid the

becief of by force, and he committed and kinds of evil...He lived a most extravagant and licentious life; in fact, he outdid the capitalists in this respect. He himself knew he had already become a bourgeois to the core." (P.R. No. 6, p. 13) Chang Chun-chiao, had been a hidden renegade in the Party for years. He was a scribbler for the Kuomintang reactionaries, and old time capitulationist. Clowns like Chang have done so much wrong in the last 40 years, pretending to be revolution-ary, that he could not escape the punish-ment of history. So he wormed his way into the leadership of the Party, with the help of Chen Po-ta (who was later expelled from the Party for colluding with Lin Piao). Lin Piao and Chiang Ching in Shanghai during the Great Protetarian Cultural Revolution. Chang was constantly opposed by the peo-ple of Shanghai, but was able to hide under the cover of opposing the menace from the the cover of opposing the menace from the right, Liu Shao-chi's bourgeois headquar-The cover of opposing the menue from the right, Liu Shao-chi's bourgeois headquiar-ters, for a time. He collected information in order to blackmail his way into important positions! And during the Cultural Revolu-tion the Red Guard struggled against him and Yao as organizers of Trotskylte organi-zations! In fact, Chairman Mao had to call Chang & Yao to Peking, to criticize the er-roneous lines they were taking in Shanghai: "The slogan of Doubt everything and over-throw everything' is reactionary. The Shanghai People's Committee demanded that the Premier of the State Council should do away with all heads. This is extreme an-archism, it is most reactionary...There is a slogan in Honan, 'The present-day prole-tarian dictatorship must be completely changed. This is a reactionary slogan.'' (cont. on p.11)

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minding effects of this system of monopoly capitalism on its deathoed, take their toll on the production & distribution costs of the newspaper. We need your help! Unity & Struggle has taken on many responsibilities which we see as necessary, but which are very costly. For example, Unity & Struggle has the policy of free subscriptions to prisoners, who cannot afford subscriptions, as part of a correspondence program we've operated to serve the prison population & their families for years. This is very expensive, and we need your help to sustain this kind of activity. We have also made some important changes that will get subscriptions to be people faster.

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