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VETS & GI'S WILL MARCH ON VA

Veterans Day
Monday Oct 28th
Washington D.C.



HIGHWAY 13

a newspaper by gi's and veterans



October 1974

VOLUME 3 NUMBER 1

10¢

MEADE WORKERS STRIKE

On October 2 the workers belonging to Amalgamated local Union 1231 went on strike to fight the contract offered them by the Eastern Service Management Inc. The workers work as janitors at Ft. Meade, buffing floors and doing general clean-up at the Finance Office, Post HQ, First Army HQ, the Guest House, and other buildings on post.

Amalgamated Local Union 1231 won the right to represent the workers in a three-way ballot election on August 2, 1973, winning 73 of the 80 votes cast. The Union, representing 176 workers, was voted in on August 5th after fighting delays by the Contractor, who had the backing of the National Labor Relations Board. The Union also had to do education to overcome company lies, including a letter sent out by the Management falsely stating that the Union would cost them money.

At the time of the union election the employees were making \$2.41 an hour with a scheduled raise to \$2.92 an hour for the general workers, and a raise to \$3.07 per

hour for buffers and waxers. But since the election of the union, the company has cut wages to \$2.56 an hour for all of the employees.

The Union and the employees felt that the recent contract the Management submitted to them would have made it very hard for them to provide a liveable life for their families, so they voted to strike at the end of September.

The workers are asking for a raise (to \$3.35 an hour for buffers and \$3.20 for general workers), for maternity leave, jury duty leave, seniority rights, 10 paid holidays, and many other demands the Management left out of their contract proposal. Is there any wonder a strike was called?

The Union asked the Post Commander, Col. Patterson, for the right to picket the Management office on Ft. Meade. They were denied because Colonel Patterson said that by military regulation, the post must be neutral in labor disputes, and that the picketers would be a safety hazard because



GIs and civilians from Highway 13 picket local stores. See p.3

there are no sidewalks around the Management office. But Col. Patterson is letting the Management's office stay open so they can hire scabs to do the work of the striking workers.

The Union says the Army is using military personnel on duty to do the work they normally do, forcing the GI's to scab on the

Come & Hear TAPSON A. MAWERE

FROM THE ZIMBABWE AFRICAN NATIONAL UNION (ZANU)
ON THE RHODESIAN BOYCOTT AND AFRICAN LIBERATION

Come & See 'A LUTA CONTINUA'

A MOVIE ABOUT THE STRUGGLE FOR LIBERATION IN MOZAMBIQUE

Place Time Date

MILITARY LAW PROJECT 7 O'CLOCK WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23rd

CHARGES FILED AGAINST Crazy Sarge

On Sept. 24, sgm. michael g. oniffrey of the First Army Band once again overstepped his authority by giving five Band Members extra duty in order to demonstrate his supreme (or, his abuse of) authority over his troops.

Oniffrey accused the five Men of loafing and then ordered them to clean and scrub a bus while giving the rest of the band off. Even though the rest of the nco's and Men present insisted that the

five had completed their previously assigned details, oniffrey was persistent in his accusations and proceeded to carry out the punishment.

Determined not to put up with such harassment, the five wrote down the details of the incident and confronted cw2 choate (the commanding oppressor), demanding that something be done. When nothing had happened after a week, the Men gave up hope of accomp-

CONTINUED ON P. 4



PENTAGON THREATENS NEW V.N. WAR

Since taking power, the Ford administration has been doing its best to convince people that it can bring the country back to "normalcy" after years of war and inflation. However, with Nixon's old policy of "Vietnamization" approaching collapse, the Pentagon seems to be preparing for a return to the days when more direct action was the norm. This was admitted recently by a Pentagon official.

When South Vietnamese dictator Nguyen Van Thieu last year rounded up 300,000 political opponents and put them in concentration camps in order to avoid abiding by the Paris Peace accords, he thought he would no longer have to worry about internal opposition. With an open-ended commitment for financial and logistic support from Nixon, he then started an armed offensive against liberated areas of the country held by the Provisional

Revolutionary Government. The failure of that offensive, and world-wide protests against continued American involvement, resulted recently in sharp cut-backs in American aid, and bad trouble for the ARVN.

In the meantime, a new democratic opposition has sprung up in the cities, including, for the first time, the hierarchies of both the Buddhist and Catholic religious groups, which have always been rivals. In spite of

its Nazi-style repression methods, Thieu's regime is so shaky that it has not dared to suppress recent demonstrations. The latest and most successful started out as a protest march against censorship by some 200 newspaper reporters. Along the march route, the crowd swelled till it numbered several thousand, including a thousand students who crashed through police lines cheering to join the action. It was the first time in years

CONTINUED ON P. 2

WOMEN'S NITE AT THE CENTER

WACs and dependents are invited to come to the Military Law Project to relax, read or watch TV, get counseling on their problems, or join discussions about overcoming military hassles.
108 Washington Blvd.
Laurel, MD 20810
792-0915
Mondays
7:30 pm



SOUTHERN AFRICA

The take-over of Mozambique by African revolutionaries has caused a disintegration of the white colonial position in southern Africa. About a decade ago, when Britain, France and Belgium abandoned colonialism in favor of indirect control of the continent, South Africa set about fashioning an alliance that would hold southern Africa against the tide of Black independence. The five elements of that alliance were:

* South Africa itself, with some 25 million people, one sixth of them whites.

* Namibia (South-west Africa), conquered by South Africa from Germany in 19-15, it is, like all former German, Italian and Japanese colonies, legally a UN territory, but South Africa continues to hold it, despite the fact that the UN has declared it independent. (The only other such territory that is not yet independent is Micronesia, in the Pacific, held by the United States.) For all practical purposes South Africa has annexed the country and its 90% non-white population.

* Rhodesia, whose 95% black population is in open rebellion against the government of British settlers whose independence is recognized by no one, not even the South African and American governments that keep it afloat.

* The Portuguese colonies of Angola, whose 5.5 million people are 10% white, and Mozambique, where whites are only one in 40 of the population.

* Four small Black-ruled countries -- Botswana, Lesotho, Swaziland, and Malawi -- which are surrounded by the white-ruled countries, and economically and politically dependent on South Africa.

The fragility of that alliance was demonstrated by the ease with which it has now fallen apart. Only one of the countries has fallen to black rule -- Mozambique, which will become independent next year under a government which is already assuming power. Yet that development will outflank Rhodesia so badly that the South African military has reportedly already decided to write off the whole country. That would mean that three of the four Black puppet states (all but Lesotho) would be freed from their present status of islands in a white sea, and could join the rest of Africa in opposing the White regime to the south. With the threat of Black guerrillas all along her own border (the threat is already reality in Namibia), South Africa could do little to help the settlers in Angola set up their own minority government when Portugal withdraws, as it intends to do by 1977. South Africa, with 4/5 of the continent's 5 million whites, would then be on her own against her oppressed black majority.

News from

The "FRONTIERS OF FREEDOM" FASCISM & IMPERIALISM

The fall of a number of fascist governments over the past year has been bad news for our generals here, since it has removed some of their most dependable pals from positions of power in such countries as Thailand, Portugal, Greece, and Ethiopia. It has also given the lie to American claims that our aid and support are intended to help build democracy abroad. In all the above countries, the victorious democratic forces contained strong anti-American elements, while the defeated Nazi-style (or, in the case of Ethiopia, down-right medieval) governments, whose removal was necessary to enable democracy to emerge, had the wholehearted support of the U.S. government.

The same is true of four other dictatorships that are very close to collapse -- the regimes of South Korea, South Vietnam, Cambodia, and Spain. The reason for this is that in more and more underdeveloped and semi-underdeveloped countries, opposition to exploitation by foreign, often American-controlled multi-national corporations is growing.

Fascist governments are defined as repressive dictatorships that come to power when people start using their democratic rights to peacefully take over the system. In other words, you can have democracy as long as you don't use it. When the majority of the people try to take power by peaceful means, as they did in Germany in 1932-3, or in Chile in 1970-2, the established power will use force to crush them and set up a fascist state.

The difference between Hitler's Germany and the other fascist countries of the 19-30's and 40's, and the fascist countries (like Chile or South Vietnam) of our time is that the former were powerful imperialist states that were a menace to the entire world. The small fascist states of today are servants of the rich imperialist countries (the U.S., the U.S.S.R., West

Germany, Japan, etc.), who support them in order to make sure that they will continue to let multi-national corporations exploit the cheap labor and resources of those countries.

That's why the President of Venezuela, a democratically elected, moderately left-wing nationalist who wants to take his country's oil resources back from the U.S. oil companies (especially Exxon), recently compared the U.S.-led imperialist system to the Nazi threat of the last generation. He said that, just as Hitler was the greatest menace to the world's people in his day, so the imperialist system of today was a menace that, by its constant exploitation and repression was becoming the primary enemy of the world's people. (Pres. Perez's statement came in an open letter published in the Washington Post, and other papers. It was in answer to Ford's threats about lowering the price of oil, which was recently raised by Venezuela and other producers to a level that is for the first time comparable to the prices these country's pay for imports from the U.S., Europe, etc.)

The Axis were defeated in 1945 by a broad alliance of peoples, organizations, and governments which included our own government. Now that government has become the main enemy of all people, and it can be defeated by a similar broad alliance, or united front. If we support the peoples of other countries in their fight to overcome repressive regimes and end their exploitation, we will benefit because we won't be sent to die in Vietnam, our tax dollars won't be sent to bomb Cambodia or subvert Chile, and our factories won't be closed so that their owners can reopen them in South Korea or someplace else where costs are low because workers make only a dollar a day or less, and are forbidden by their fascist governments from striking. GIs who don't want to be sent

CONTINUED ON P. 8

INDOCHINA

CONTINUED FROM P. 1



Local guerrillas on guard in a village in the liberated areas of South Vietnam, where Thieu's yearlong offensive has been largely abandoned.

The only factor that could conceivably forestall such a prospect would be American intervention to protect the investments that our corporations have in Angola and South Africa. Our government provided the Portuguese army with the equipment to fight its decade-long losing battle against the black guerrillas. It is unlikely that it will now lie down and accept their victory. If they try to play their ace-in-the-hole, and send in American troops as they did in a similar situation in Vietnam, they will find that popular resistance, both in Africa and here at home is a wild card that will beat them.

that the masses in Saigon have dared to publicly protest against the government. With the military situation deteriorating, and with his support crumbling at home and abroad, Thieu is almost certain to be replaced soon by a government not quite so dependent on Washington (even if it is another military government), and possibly by a government with anti-American elements. Any new regime, however, will be under strong pressure -- military and political -- to honor the Paris Peace Accords, which Thieu officially scrapped early this year. Meanwhile, next door in Cambodia, the recent cutbacks in American aid, coming on top of a total break-down in functioning political life in the capital of Phnom Penh, and severe battlefield reverses, have caused American military observers to write the country off for good, according to the Guardian, a New York weekly. It is unlikely, however, that a total collapse will come before spring, when the flooded Mekong river, the only remaining open supply route into the city recedes to its banks.

Hinting of things to come, William Clements, deputy secretary of defense, this month told a congressional committee that the Navy (read "Marines") would be sent in to prevent the fall of the Thieu government -- with Ait Force support, of course. Naturally, if that happened, it might become necessary to send in the army "to protect American lives", and then.....

LETTERS

U.D. TO HON.?

Dear Sir;

I read in a book that I could get my Discharge changed. Well what I would like to know if I could get it changed from a UNDESIRABLE to a HONORABLE; I entered the Army 12 Sept. 1965 and I left the Army on the 29 June 1970. Could you please tell me just how I could get copies of my records. I have no Police record. I work steady and I make good money but I would like to have an Honorable Discharge;

Sincerely Alfred G. Geisler

Reply:

There are lots of vets in the same jam you're in--since 1964, more than 500,000 bad discharges have been given by the military. As you know, a bad discharge makes it hard to get good jobs and usually robs you of all VA benefits.

There are a couple of groups that can help out. The AFSC in Baltimore (which helps support the Military Law Project in Laurel) has counselors who can help you, and so does the VVAW/WSO in Wash. D.C. Write or call them at:

AFSC	VVAW/WSO
319 E. 25th St.	521 B 2nd St. NE
Balto, MD 21218	Wash, D.C. 20002
(301) 366-7200	(202) 543-0817

Or just come by and visit us at our office in Laurel.

Briefly, this is what they'll tell you to do:

- 1) get a complete copy of your unit record by filling out DD Form 180 (we'll mail it to you) and send it to; National Personnel Records Center (Military Personnel Records), 9700 Page Blvd., St. Louis, Mo., 63132.
- 2) write up the whole story of your Military career-- why you joined, all the honors or Awards you got (graduated in the top 10 of your Basic Training Co? Great, make sure you mention it), every bad incident you had and how it happened, why you got discharged, etc. Make sure you say why you think the Military messed you over. And tell what you've done since you got out.
- 3) Get letters of reference from friends, family, employers, etc. They should be notarized. (The one who writes the letter has to go to a Notary Public for this.)
- 4) Take all the stuff you've gotten together to one of the counselors at AFSC or VVAW/WSO IN D.C.

Looks like a lot of trouble, huh? The military doesn't want to make it easy. But the simple fact is that most bad discharges (especially U.D's) are illegal or undeserved. And with a little help from the people we named, you may be able to undo the damage the military has done to your future.



Continued from P. 1
STRIKE

GIs SUPPORT

Whatcha' planning on doing after you get out? "Well, buy a van, drive to Colorado, y'know, live off the land...." Humm, sure, but sooner or later, you'll probably wind up like most Americans. Working for some boss who reminds you a lot of your first sarge. Being ripped off by inflation, 'cause your contract doesn't protect you. Feeling powerless because you don't have any control over your job, your government, your life.

At HIGHWAY 13 we know that workers -- like GIs -- can protect themselves only by joining together. Since January we have been supporting workers in the Baltimore & DC areas who have formed unions.



For two months we've been conducting a picket line in front of the Giant in the Laurel shopping center to support the 2-yr. old Farmworker's strike.

HIGHWAY 13 has been asking people to boycott grapes, lettuce, and Gallo wine, and we try to show workers the need to unite and support other people's struggles.

On September 1st, the retail employees at the Giant went out on strike. This gave us a chance to talk to the grocery store workers about the importance of the Farmworkers strike, and about their own strike to defend their standard of living. (both Giant and the union officials themselves were trying to force a 3-yr. contract down their throats, which would not keep up with the expected cost-of-living increases).

When we first arrived we were approached by a shop steward who told us not to walk the picket line "because the union doesn't want trouble." And then he said the workers didn't want us because we were trouble makers, and that the International leadership forbade us to walk the line.

We explained to him that the International leadership--like that of most unions--is corrupt and bought off by the company to make sure the workers are too demoralized to fight back. With that in mind, we told him we would ask the workers what they thought.

We marched with them for almost an hour, talking about their strike demands and the Farmworker's strike. It was clear the striking workers, who had seen us out there every Saturday for two months, welcomed us. So it seemed a little absurd when the friendly shop steward returned, arm opened wide, telling us we were welcome to walk the line with them anytime, and that they were glad to have us.

The next week we returned, and found the strike was over. The International had settled for the contract the workers had

strikers. If this is found to be true it will just be another example of the military bosses using the lower enlisted men to perform the jobs of strikers as a tactic to break the strike. The military has a history of breaking strikes by using enlisted people to perform jobs, such as sorting mail in the postal strike in New York, to attack striking workers in Ludlow, Colorado, in 1914, to attack protesting veterans in the bonus march of 1932, and many more actions against workers and protesters in our country's history.

In the military we are used as scabs and riot cops, to help the rich get richer off the sweat of the workers. We can identify closely with the men and women who, like

MD. STRIKES

turned down only a week before. Their excuse? The union said the workers were demoralized, and couldn't win. HIGHWAY 13 asks the question, "What did the union leadership do to motivate people?" Because of this sellout, the Giant workers will face the expected 48% cost-of-living increase with a lousy 3-yr. contract.

On September 21st we joined some other groups in Baltimore at a picket line in support of the Murphy's strike. The groups involved were On the Line, Coalition of Labor Union Women (CLUW), Vietnam Veterans Against the War (VVAW/WSO), and the Revolutionary Union (RU). There were about 30 people there, and it was a real up. The Murphy's workers have been on strike for about 6 months and were really glad to see support from other groups. GIs and vets got to talk with the strikers and tell them about HIGHWAY 13 and our work to help other strikers like Giant employees and Farmworkers.

They are having the same kinds of problems too. One of the women has been singled out by the company as a 'trouble-maker'. This means everytime she walks a picket line one of the guards, managers, or scabs starts hitting her or pushing her around. One time a scab pushed a broken bottle in her face--and then charged her with assault! Now, this woman only weighs about 90 pounds, sopping wet, and the people charging her (including a cop!) go up to about 400 pounds.

Why her? Doris is the only white woman worker at the store. Murphy's, like all other multi-national corporations, has a stake in dividing workers up. They try to pit white against black whenever they get a chance, going on the correct theory that "workers divided can always be defeated." Murphy's thought that the other women, all of whom are black, would not support her. They are wrong. The others are in full support of Doris, and intent to stick with her and not let her be used as a scapegoat as black people have always been used in this country.

The union, the same one the Giant workers belong to, has told Doris to find another job. The leadership of the union is afraid that if the workers are too organized it will threaten their position of power. Doris has said she will fight hard to get back at the company and use her case to help gain support for the Murphy's boycott.

SUPPORT DORIS DERR & SUPPORT FARMWORKERS!
BOYCOTT MURPHY'S
THE WORKERS UNITED WILL NEVER BE DEFEATED!



us, are oppressed and used for the benefit of the Rockefellers, the Kennedys, etc. Whenever we do a job on post that union workers are hired to do we are scabbing on them. Whenever we are used as a show of force at a demonstration or are used to break one up, we are being used as riot cops. We have performed the jobs of suppressing people for the rich bosses for a couple hundred years now. Isn't it time that we start to organize to fight the military, to stop using our bodies to oppress people fighting for their lives, and for their families' lives?

The picketers are asking GIs not to scab on them. They're on the picket line across from Ft. Meade by Burger King every week, day. Stop by and give them your support.

NORFOLK RACISM



On April 14, The above demonstration was held outside the gate of the Norfolk Navy Base in support of Reggie Wakefield. It was part of the campaign that contributed to the reassignment of the base commander.

The Black military Resistance League and the Defense Committee have been waging a campaign against the racism and oppression of the Norfolk Naval Command for a long time. Their latest campaign is in support of Reggie Wakefield, a black sailor who was framed on eight charges stemming from an incident on April 5th when he was beaten and maced by the base police. Nine other brothers also involved in the incident were either acquitted or had their charges dropped, but the Navy wanted to make an example of Reggie. Convicted on

charges that included wearing his hair in braids while in uniform, Reggie was fined \$300.

In building their campaign around Reggie Wakefield, the BMRL and the Defense Committee pushed four demands, including the resignation of the base commander, CPT Anders, an end to racist police harassment, dropping of all charges against Reggie, and the right of GIs to organize. Since the beginning of the campaign, CPT Anders has been reassigned to a desk job at another base, though this is probably due as much to his administrative incompetence as to the campaign.

Living conditions at Norfolk are at an all-time low, and are made worse for black GIs by wide-spread racism, especially among officers, lifers, and the base police. The racial tensions that result are used to divide the White and Black sailors against each other, so that they will continue to let themselves be used to support the imperialist mission of the second and sixth fleets, which are based in Norfolk. (The U.S. government's contention that our forces abroad are "defending democracy" was shown to be a lie once again recently when the Sixth Fleet, which was used during the fifties to crush an uprising by the Lebanese people, did nothing to prevent the Turkish Army from overrunning Cyprus and slaughtering thousands of Greeks there. That's because it is not democracy or people's lives, but imperialism and corporate profits that the U.S. military is supposed to protect. Enlisted people have no interest in protecting those profits, but the brass will try anything, including racism and frame-ups, as was shown in Reggie's case, to ensure that GIs continue to serve as the cops of the world.

AMNESTY OR DOUBLE-TALK?

During the last week of August, the Pentagon recommended to President Ford that "amnesty" be granted to military deserters and draft resisters provided that they "reaffirm allegiance to the United States and work 18 months of alternative service." In addition, deserters would get an Undesirable Discharge. Actually this is no amnesty at all, but rather some clever doubletalk from Washington designed to take the wind out of the growing movement for amnesty for all war resisters. Reaffirming allegiance and performing alternative service is not amnesty. For those who would return under such conditions it would mean that they would admit they had done something wrong by resisting the war or the racism or har-

assment of the military. It would be admitting guilt, when actually the government and the military are the ones who are guilty. President Ford and the Pentagon must think that Third World people who resisted are now going to come crawling back saying, "We're sorry; give us some more of that good old American racism;" or that deserters and draft resisters are going to say, "I made a mistake. You were right all along about Indochina." What kind of morons do they think they are dealing with?

It's also no amnesty for the 500,000 Vietnam-era veterans with bad discharges, or those in prison for refusing to go to Indochina, or those in the US Disciplinary Barracks at Ft. Leavenworth who resisted or those people with criminal records from protesting the war. Veterans, the largest group in need of amnesty, are ignored, which is certainly no change in government policy. The only purpose in President Ford's "amnesty" is to divide the amnesty movement, leaving vets and other resisters to fight for themselves while he tries to buy off the rest of the amnesty movement and the American people with his phoney amnesty.

Ford can declare his "amnesty" until he's blue in the face; but VVAW/WSO will continue to fight for complete amnesty for all acts of resistance to imperialism. Our demands remain the same: UNIVERSAL, UNCONDITIONAL AMNESTY FOR ALL WAR RESISTERS!

A SINGLE TYPE DISCHARGE FOR ALL VETERANS!

(from "GI NEWS", a publication of VVAW/WSO)



G.I.s' STR

FORes GLEN

FOREST GLENN is a mental hygiene clinic, which is a part of Walter Reed Army Hospital. EM are sent there because they are mentally incapable of performing their duties. I was one of the men sent there because I had some tragic things happen to me. This article is my opinion on how stupid the whole place was.

When I got there I was given a book with 75 points in it, along with another book explaining how I was supposed to conduct myself. The book informed me that virtually anything I wanted to do I had to buy with points. By doing what the lifers like (such as cleaning floors, making my bed, and being on time for formation) I would be awarded more points.

My first step was Phase O. In this phase the patient is in a locked ward where he is watched for any suicidal tendencies or violent actions. I slept in a room with three other men. The next morning I was rudely awakened for the day. I was told to shave and get ready for inspection. This was at 7:00 a.m.

At 7:30 the inspection took place. If your area was spic & span and you were clean-shaved you got a total of 125 points. If not, you got way less. The harassment that I received so far didn't help my condition in the least.

The night I got there the doctor I was assigned to talked with me for about a half hour. But the next day when I asked to see him I was denied the whole day.

It may be safe to assume that the reason for being there is to rest the mind, and forget one's problems. But you couldn't go to bed unless you paid for the time with points. Watching TV was allowed only from 1500-2300, only if you paid points to watch it.

Everything you do is based on points. The taking away and giving of these points is further proof of how "insane"

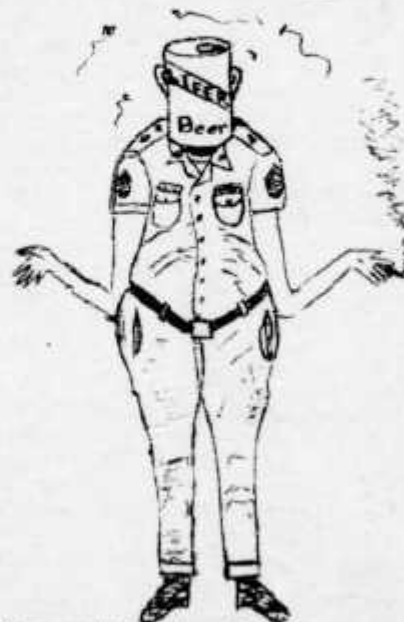


the whole program is.

If they think you are next step is the esteem Phase I soldier. Here you open ward with a little more than your previous position. You wear fatigues or some "duty" uniform. Your name

Crazy Sarge

CONTINUED
FROM P. 1



relax because he felt the p "mama" c.o. could not be pe but the Men were unwilling feat. While other courses o were being bogged down in three of the Band members on somewhat one-sided negot the judge advocate general' unwillingness of the people office to co-operate was pr a confirmed phone call from ice of the infamous michael iffrey himself. To combat of action, the seekers of drew up a petition, which ed by Band Members and sup over fort meade. The petitioned to congressman Parrell, was a most effective cause it forced the people office to do their jobs. great accomplishment in its sidering the amount of effort to get a lifer to do his o. Consequently, the legal office came more cooperative after ized that the Band Members n't going to give up.

On October 9th, the band formed at the Memorial Sta Baltimore before a capacity on hand to watch the penn off between the Orioles and Members of the Baltimore c Vietnam Veterans Against t

lishing anything through the c.o. or with an article 138 complaint, and went to the i.g. He too rationalized a justification for oniffrey's actions. By this time, oniffrey was beginning to

G.I.s' STRUGGLE!

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the whole program is.

If they think you are ready, your next step is the esteemed rank of Phase I soldier. Here you are in an open ward with a little more freedom than your previous position. Here you may wear fatigues or some sort of "duty" uniform. Your next stage is

Phase II soldier, then graduation.

Many people I met there were there because they couldn't handle military life. But instead of giving them room to breathe, the staff only made things worse by expecting them to act like the GI lifers they wanted to be. By the way, upon getting 2,000 points you could put them in the hospital's bank to save for your next phase. Some men were in a Phase I status for quite a long time. If a man cannot conform to the Army's way, why should he be subject to the buffoonery of a so-called mental hospital? The breaking down of a man's mind is the only thing the Army knows how to do.

A man was there in Phase I who had only been in the U.S. 4 months. Two and a half weeks were spent in the Army. He spoke Spanish and very little English. The only thing wrong with him was a great hatred for the Army, which was his every right.

By not going along with the anal emissions of these people one could be kept there a long time, which can only worsen one's condition.

This is not the only place where things like this are happening. The Army's answer to problems of their EM is to change their behavior no matter what the cost. Crossroads, stockades, and prisons are adopting the dehumanizing behavior modification methods.

The public is not told about this unless somebody who has been through it can tell their story. I urge those people to send your story. I urge those people to send your story to us and we will print it. Only this way will people find out what a big farce the Army and all the military is.



VVAW/WSO r
July 3rd in Iw

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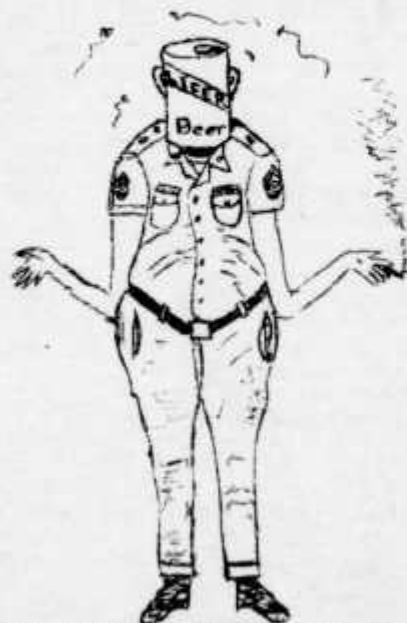
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FROM P. 1



lishing anything through the c.o. or
with an article 138 complaint, and went
to the i.g. He too rationalized a just-
ification for oniffrey's actions. By
this time, oniffrey was beginning to

relax because he felt the protection of
'mama' c.o. could not be penetrated,
but the Men were unwilling to admit de-
feat. While other courses of action
were being bogged down in red tape,
three of the Band members were carrying
on somewhat one-sided negotiations with
the judge advocate general's office. The
unwillingness of the people in the JAG
office to co-operate was probably due to
a confirmed phone call from the off-
ice of the infamous michael g. on-
iffrey himself. To combat this sort
of action, the seekers of justice
drew up a petition, which was sign-
ed by Band Members and supporters all
over fort meade. The petition, add-
ressed to congressman Parren Mitch-
ell, was a most effective weapon, be-
cause it forced the people in the JAG
office to do their jobs. This is a
great accomplishment in itself con-
sidering the amount of effort it takes
to get a lifer to do his or her job.
Consequently, the legal office be-
came more cooperative after they real-
ized that the Band Members just weren't
going to give up.

On October 9th, the band per-
formed at the Memorial Stadium in
Baltimore before a capacity crowd
on hand to watch the pennant play-
off between the Orioles and the A's.
Members of the Baltimore chapter of
Vietnam Veterans Against the War/ Win-

ter Soldier Organization distributed
over 5000 leaflets to the spectators
to bring the band's struggle before
the people. Reliable sources report
that when oniffrey heard about that
demonstration of support, he remarked
appreciatively: "Tell them they're a
bunch of ignorant bastards (sic)!"

On Friday, Oct. 4, charges were
filed, along with 11 signed statements
from Band members against sg. michael
g. oniffrey for:

1. violation of Article 92 of the
UCMJ, failure to obey a lawful regula-
tion. Oniffrey violated AR 27-10,
chapter 3, section III, paragraph 3-4,
which states that punitive action can-
not be given for a non-punishable of-
fense that does not violate articles
92 through 134 of the UCMJ. Chapter 3,
section II, paragraph 3-2 of AR 27-10
states that only the commanding offi-
cer of a unit can give punishment un-
der article 15, which includes any ex-
tra duty.

2. Violation of article 93 of the
UCMJ, cruelty and maltreatment of a
person subject to his orders.

There have been no results so far
from the bringing of charges. If onif-
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Phase II soldier, then graduation.

Many people I met there were there because they couldn't handle military life. But instead of giving them room to breathe, the staff only made things worse by expecting them to act like the GI lifers they wanted to be. By the way, upon getting 2,000 points you could put them in the hospital's bank to save for your next phase. Some men were in a Phase I status for quite a long time. If a man cannot conform to the Army's way, why should he be subject to the buffoonery of a so-called mental hospital? The breaking down of a man's mind is the only thing the Army knows how to do.

A man was there in Phase I who had only been in the U.S. 4 months. Two and a half weeks were spent in the Army. He spoke Spanish and very little English. The only thing wrong with him was a great hatred for the Army, which was his every right.

By not going along with the anal emissions of these people one could be kept there a long time, which can only worsen one's condition.

This is not the only place where things like this are happening. The Army's answer to problems of their EN is to change their behavior no matter what the cost. Crossroads, stockades, and prisons are adopting the dehumanizing behavior modification methods.

The public is not told about this unless somebody who has been through it can tell their story. I urge those people to send your story. I urge those people to send your story to us and we will print it. Only this way will people find out what a big farce the Army and all the military is.

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On Friday, Oct. 4, charges were filed, along with 11 signed statements from Band members against sgm. Michael G. Oniffrey for:

1. violation of Article 92 of the UCMJ, failure to obey a lawful regulation. Oniffrey violated AR 27-10, chapter 3, section III, paragraph 3-4, which states that punitive action cannot be given for a non-punishable offense that does not violate articles 92 through 134 of the UCMJ. Chapter 3, section II, paragraph 3-2 of AR 27-10 states that only the commanding officer of a unit can give punishment under article 15, which includes any extra duty.

2. Violation of article 93 of the UCMJ, cruelty and maltreatment of a person subject to his orders.

There have been no results so far from the bringing of charges. If Oniffrey escapes the punishment due him for his clear-cut crime, it can only indicate the depth of the corruption which infests the system.



VVAW/WSO member Frank Huff (fist raised) getting written up on July 3rd in Iwakuni for handing out the Declaration of Independence

IWAKUNI FIVE

The trial of the Iwakuni five, members of the Vietnam Veterans Against the War/ Winter Soldier Organization in Iwakuni, Japan, ended this month. The five had been charged with distributing "unauthorized literature" that called for an end to U.S. sup-

port for South Korean dictator Pak Chung-hee.

Charges against two of the brothers were dropped, and another was acquitted. The other two got stiff sentences, however. Frank Huff drew two years at hard labor and a \$400 fine, and Hugh Dalton got a Bad Conduct discharge.



The above patch was put out by members of the 1st Marine Air Wing in Iwakuni, Japan. Their organization, Marines Against War, is a chapter of VVAW/WSO.

The five were protesting against the barbaric repression in South Korea, where even proposing a constitutional amendment was punishable by death. What they were distributing to their fellow Marines at Iwakuni was neither "literature" nor a petition, but signature letters which were to be sent to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. There was only one of hundreds of protests world-wide, and their action was vindicated when the Pak government reluctantly withdrew the death penalty decree in response to the outcry. The five felt that Marines who might be ordered to battle to defend the Nazi-like regime in Seoul should be told what they were being sent to defend. The Corps evidently felt differently.

CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTION

(Many young men who were opposed to war for religious or other philosophical reasons filed for conscientious objector status and, if they were approved, were freed from the draft. Conscientious objector (CO) status is available to active duty service members who develop their beliefs while on active duty. Following is the story of two airmen from Andrews AFB, Md, who filed for CO discharges, as told by one of them.)

The military brass has never dug conscientious objectors, especially those on active duty. They were often subjected to a lot of harassment, though as a result of the GI movement, this is not as bad as it used to be.

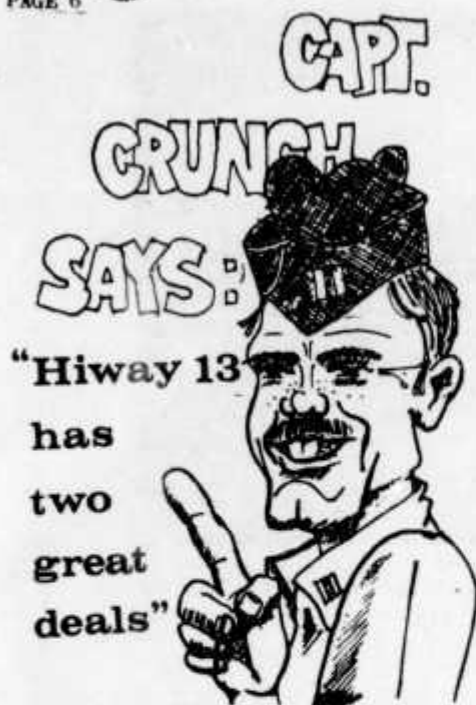
I filed for a CO discharge in October, 1973. The personnel office screwed up a few times while handling my application. The chaplain and the hearing officer assigned to me evidently didn't know what conscientious objection is. The chaplain wrote that I "seemed sincere in my beliefs" (i.e., my objection to war), but then ended by saying that I didn't qualify for CO status (sincerity in ones belief that war is immoral is the only legal criterion for determining the validity of a CO application). My hearing of-

ficer didn't even deal with the question of whether or not I was sincere, but rather tried to counter and criticize my arguments (no CO expects the army or air force to agree with his arguments; they are only supposed to determine whether or not he holds them sincerely.) He stated that I should be discharged, however, "... to make space available for a dedicated airman who will uphold the constitution..."

As the result of endless procedural delays, the Air Force spent eight months processing my case. In the end, it was disapproved. The denial was vague and unsubstantiated. It didn't give any reasons or specifics as to why I wasn't considered a CO. It looked to me like they used a form letter and filled in my name in the appropriate places.

After I filed for CO, others in my unit followed suit. One friend of mine did so in early June of this year. His chaplain supported his claim and recommended discharge. The hearing officer, a JAG lawyer, also supported my friend, saying that he was a CO, and recommending discharge.

cont'd. on p. 7



CLIP HERE

These booklets explain how to apply for different discharges, and how to protect your legal rights in the Army. They're free, and we'll send you as many copies as you and your friends can use. Just check how many you want:

- Getting Out (A guide to Discharges)
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- I Was Only Following Doctor's Orders (Medical Discharges)
- Who Let You In Here? (Erroneous Induction)
- If War is Hell (Thinking Through the Basis of Objection to War)
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DON'T
WAIT



RHODESIA BOYCOTT

In Rhodesia a government representing the interests of the 5% white minority controls the country. While Blacks make up 95% of the population, they have no civil rights. Their average wage is about \$50 a month, while whites get about \$700 a month. Most of the white settlers arrived only in this century; three quarters have lived in Rhodesia (called Zimbabwe by the Africans of that country) less than 20 years. Nevertheless the Ian Smith regime which governs the country represents only the interests of the white minority.

The laws of the country are saturated with racial discrimination against the blacks, including strict racial laws on the ownership and even the use of land. Several laws have been passed that make it impossible to carry out any type of political opposition without fear of police repression (sounds a little like the Army, huh?). Many political leaders are in jail or in detention camps in isolated areas of the country, forbidden to communicate with anyone.

Further legislation has been passed enforcing segregation of schools, public facilities and land. Minor political parties have been banned and there is strict censorship of the press, radio, and TV.

In 1965, when Britain insisted that the country move toward majority rule, the racist regime refused, illegally declaring itself independent to continue its racist policies. Instead of taking the country by force, the international community supported Britain by imposing trade restrictions with Rhodesia. In 1966 and again in 1968, the United Nations imposed economic sanctions against the white, racist government of Rhodesia.

In October 1971 the U.S. Congress moved in the interests of big business, and voted to break these international laws. They voted to pass a bill which permitted the US to violate the sanctions and import

"strategic" goods from Rhodesia. Chrome was considered strategic because the other major source was the Soviet Union.

We now know that this was not the real reason for breaking the sanctions. Our chrome stockpile is so large the government has suggested selling some of it. And US importation of chrome from Russia remained at the same level the year after the US violated the UN sanctions as it had been the year before. The continued importation of Rhodesian products by the US supports the illegal and racist regime in Rhodesia, and makes the struggle for majority rule and self-determination more difficult.

The US has been the biggest supporter of the government in Rhodesia. US imports of chrome and nickel have made it possible for the all-white minority government to survive.

Why has the US done this? Because big business has found it very profitable. Companies like Union Carbide, Foote Mineral and Goodyear Rubber build plants and own mines in Rhodesia. They make super profits because they pay African workers only a couple dollars a day. Forced labor is often used. Any attempts of the workers to organize unions are brutally put down by the government police.

It is no secret that US companies are using countries like Rhodesia against US workers. When large companies get away with paying lower wages in one area, they use this to hold all wages down. They use imports produced by slave labor to threaten us and often they close down whole plants and move to countries where workers are forced to work for almost nothing. Union Carbide is doing this right now—moving its ferrochrome division to Rhodesia. The struggle of Africans in Rhodesia for freedom, justice and human dignity must be supported. We are fighting for our own interests. Our response must be solidarity with working people throughout the world against racism and exploitation.

AIM WINS

charges
dropped



Dennis Banks and Russel Means, leaders of the American Indian Movement which seized Wounded Knee in 1973, have been cleared of all felony charges stemming from the 71 day occupation. Judge Nichol explained that blatant FBI and government misconduct forced him to dismiss the charges.

"It's hard for me to believe the FBI, which I have revered for so long, has stooped so low," the judge said.

But many others were not surprised by the FBI misconduct. This included:

- * Paying a prosecution witness (who had been a member of AIM, but was kicked out for instability & provoking fights) thousands of dollars to tell sensational tales about secret meetings between Banks, Means, and "representatives of Communist countries."
- * Refusing to allow an 11-person jury decide the case when an elderly woman juror suffered a stroke. The prosecution believed she was the only juror in favor of conviction.
- * Hiding the fact that military personnel

were illegally used at Wounded Knee. The military cannot be sent into a civil disorder without a Presidential proclamation, but "military advisors" in civilian disguises exercised control over the Federal Marshalls and provided supplies. Enough equipment had been airlifted into Wounded Knee to supply an infantry company, the defense testimony showed, and an Army General "with counter-insurgency experience" was among the illegal military personnel used.

The decision is especially surprising because Judge Nichol is a conservative, who frequently ignored the defense's motions. In the same case, defense attorney Mark Lane objected to the judge's harassment, saying "It's very difficult to proceed under these circumstances, your honor." For this, Judge Nichol jailed Mark Lane. Lane is well known for his work with the GI Center "Covered Wagon" at Mountain Home AFB in Idaho. (from Guardian)

WE DEMAND DECENT HEALTH CARE

The Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS) is a Defense Department program designed to pay for health care of dependents of service members and military retirees when such care is unavailable at military facilities.

HIGHWAY 13 has gotten hold of some incredible horror stories, which were documented by Kenneth Wooden in sworn Senate committee testimony on July 25th. While the army -- especially the re-up NCO -- will claim that CHAMPUS is a great program and that a GI would really lose a fantastic health care benefit by not re-enlisting, the testimony indicates that just the opposite is true.

Is it a good deal when the military allows child care to be handled by get-rich-quick doctors, and when there are few criteria to prevent quacks from treating patients? We would like to cite a few examples of abuses.

On June 14th, in Houston, Tex., Dr. Joseph D. Farrar, owner of Artesia Hall, was indicted for the murder of a child entrusted to him for care. He was not indicted, however, for some of his other routine activities, like dunking children in a cesspool, and then scrubbing them with steel brushes.

The Lebe Hoch (which means "live well") hospital in Fredericksburg, Tex., receives CHAMPUS funds to treat mentally retarded dependents. The truth is that Lebe Hoch is a human warehouse, which provides no treatment whatsoever. The institution has certain board members with political influence who make sure that the hospital, whose sole purpose is to make a tidy profit, can continue to charge lucrative fees. Wooden commented that this place is hardly an exception; a high profit seems to be the goal of most CHAMPUS operations.

The Rev. George von Hilsheimer is a self-styled (and self-ordained?) minister of



something called the "Free Religious Association". Although he has no degree in psychiatry, Hilsheimer experimented on children at the Green Valley School for the emotionally disturbed and delinquent children in Orange City, Fla. His teaching methods included having kids dig their own graves and lie in them overnight, putting kids in iron shackles, and using electric shocks for punishment. One Senator compared the institution to a Nazi concentration camp. The school received \$1.2 million from the government to torture children.

These institutions are not the only ones that need investigating, and Wooden gave the committee the names of and locations of facilities from Florida to Washington and Hawaii, including some here in Maryland. These facilities are usually located in isolated areas and consist of dirty buildings in which bizarre treatment is practiced. There even seems to be an interlocking communications network between owners of these human warehouses and get-rich-quick "professionals."

The horrors of the CHAMPUS program would fill a book -- and they will, when Mr. Wooden finishes writing it. The question of what the Defense Department is doing about CHAMPUS abuse has still not been answered. HIGHWAY 13 thinks that all people have a right to decent health care. In a system where profit is the goal, however, it will never be achieved. The \$400 million spent on CHAMPUS goes to capitalists who want to get rich at the public's expense without giving treatment.

ALTERNATIVE SCAB

"ON OR ABOUT _____, I VOLUNTARILY ABSENTED MYSELF FROM MY MILITARY UNIT WITHOUT BEING PROPERLY AUTHORIZED IN CONTRAVENTION OF THE OATH TAKEN UPON ENTERING THE NATION'S MILITARY SERVICE. RECOGNIZING THAT MY OBLIGATIONS AS A CITIZEN REMAIN UNFULFILLED, I AM READY TO SERVE IN WHATEVER ALTERNATIVE SERVICE MY COUNTRY MAY PRESCRIBE FOR ME, & PLEDGE TO FAITHFULLY COMPLETE A PERIOD OF _____ MONTHS SERVICE."

This is the way military deserters who take advantage of Pres. Ford's "earned re-entry" program commit themselves to up to 24 months of civilian work. For most of them, it will be unskilled labor, the kinds of jobs that nobody else will take. The pay will probably be minimum wage. If they try to strike or organize for better pay or working conditions, they run the risk of a jail sentence.

Nobody deserted without thinking about the risks. They left for very real reasons; they couldn't make enough in the Army to raise their families, they didn't support our overseas war (which most people now admit was a mistake), they refused to be mistreated by NCO's, etc. To these people, the pledge is largely a joke, and a way to avoid a long jail sentence.

But if the military's announced plan to prosecute those who don't complete the civilian service, the joke may be on them.

By far, the largest group of people who have requested "leniency" are military deserters, many of whom were already in the stockades. And most of these were forced

into the program by a recent change in the discharge policies.

Before Ford's program, long-term AWOLs were usually offered a "Chapter 10" discharge. In fact, this discharge was so common at Meade that people from all over the country returned here. They waited 30 days or so in the stockade, and then were offered an Undesirable Discharge instead of court-martial. The UD means they lost all the important VA benefits--for those disabled by service in Vietnam, it meant they lost hospitalization rights, too. But many folks took a Chapter 10 to end a life of running from the police.

The military wanted the leniency program to look good, however. To encourage folks to take advantage of it, they are making it almost impossible for GIs who went AWOL between August 1964 and 28 March '73 to get Chapter 10's. As a result, at least 80 prisoners in Meade's stockade have "volunteered" for the program.

They are then sent to Camp Atterbury in Indiana (it's now being changed to Ft. Benjamin Harrison). They are not under military guard, and deserters who return specifically for the program are not required to get a haircut or wear a uniform. In Indiana they are given a UD, and a board at Ft. Ben decides how many months civilian service they must complete (so far, the average "sentence" is 23 months out of a maximum of 24).

At first, it seemed returnees would not be prosecuted if they did not do the required service. They'd be left with a UD,

"FRONTIERS OF FREEDOM"

CONTINUED
FROM P. 2

abroad have already benefitted from the Greek regime's denial of home-porting facilities to the U.S. fleet, and the Portuguese government's decision to abandon its colonial wars (the previous government would have sooner or later been forced to call in American troops.) There is a possibility that if more radical elements take over the democratic governments of the former fascist states, more American bases will be closed.

Our hopes of being able to solve our own problems here and let other people worry about their own problems depend on their defeating the U.S.-supported regimes that repress them, and their victory is in part dependent on our support. HIGHWAY 13, which is published by a group of GIs and Vietnam-era vets who don't want to fight any more Vietnams, considers itself part of the international alliance against the imperialist system. We invite all GIs and vets in the Maryland-DC area to join us in that struggle.

CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTION, from p. 5

The case then went to the base legal office for review, where it got "reviewed" for 6 weeks. My friend called the IG three times and his congressman once. Using the standard Air Force excuse for delays, the IG said my friend should "be patient," that the legal office was only trying to protect his rights. (They told me the same thing about my 8 months of delays).

After six months of "ensuring his rights" the legal office recommended my friend's application be disapproved, contradicting the advice of their own lawyer. The Air Force blatantly disregarded its own regs. Previously, I had passed off the lengthy delays as simple bureaucratic inefficiency, and the disapproval as an arbitrary ruling.

But after the legal office's action in my friend's case, which I believe were done deliberately to harass him, I doubt the errors were "honest mistakes." It seems more likely they are subtle methods being used by the military to harass those they want to screw.

which isn't any different from the CD (Clemency Discharge) they'd get if they did the work. In many respects the whole deal looked better than the Chapter 10 policy it ended.

But now the military has announced it will attempt to court-martial people who don't complete the civilian work. They cite a section from the UCMJ which says people who lie to get their discharges are still under court-martial jurisdiction, and also rely on a civilian law which makes lying to a government agency punishable by up to 5 yrs. in prison and \$10,000 fine.

What the press called a "loophole" may now have been effectively closed, and the approximately 600 people who took advantage of it may be caught in the middle.

Some civilian lawyers and military personnel think the loophole is still open. If the oath is made in good faith, they say, the returning deserter cannot be prosecuted even if he fails to do the civilian service. So far, the government has not attempted to prosecute anyone. But then again, the program has only been going for a few weeks. And many deserters fear that as soon as the January 31 deadline ends for entering the "leniency" program, the military will begin prosecutions of those who don't complete the work satisfactorily.

And there's a Catch 22 for those who don't voluntarily enter the program. After the deadline, Chapter 10's will probably be unavailable. Long-term AWOLs will face harsh judges, whose first question will be, "Why didn't you take advantage of the leniency program, son?"

GIs who have been AWOL for a long time should realize there's more to the "leniency" program than first meets the eye. For free and legal counseling, contact the Military Law Project, at 108 Washington Blvd., Laurel, MD. 792-0915.

WAR ON THE V.A.

On Veterans' Day, Monday, Oct. 28, the D.C.-Maryland-Virginia region of the Vietnam Veterans Against the War/ Winter Soldier Organization will launch its War on the V.A. with a demonstration at the U.S. Veterans Assistance Center at 25 K Str, N.E., in Washington. Angry vets and supporters will assemble at 11:30 at 13th and I Str. N.E., for a noon march to the VA. The rally at the VA begins at 1:00 PM and will conclude at 2:00 PM, when vets burn their multiple discharge papers and DD 214's (separation papers). Other resisters will burn their prison records or draft cards.

This demonstration is part of a nationwide campaign to take the demands that were raised during VVAW/WSO's national action in Washington, July 1-4 back to the local communities. The four demands remaining, now that Nixon has been kicked out of office, are: Universal Unconditional Amnesty, Implement the 1973 Paris Peace Accords/ End All

Aid to Thieu and Lon Nol, A Single Type Discharge for All Veterans, and Decent Benefits for All Veterans.

The first two demands are made because VVAW/WSO considers the Indochina War a war of imperialist aggression, and feels that it was correct to resist that war. Ford's "clemency" isn't amnesty for anyone but Nixon. It offers nothing to the more than 580,000 Vietnam-era vets with less-than-honorable discharges, nor to the hundreds of thousands underground or those with prison records. But most of all, this program fails to address the central issue of the movement for universal unconditional amnesty: that because of the imperialist nature of the war in Vietnam, the war resisters were right, and should not be penalized in any way for their refusal to fight. The government is



offering this clemency program because it wants to divide and silence the amnesty movement. This is a part of a larger effort to make the American people forget about the war in Vietnam and Cambodia, and about the billions of dollars that we continue to pour into that war. But the American people are not being fooled by this bogus amnesty, and neither are the resisters, who are rejecting it. One of the reasons the U.S. has been able to wage war on the Indochinese people so long is the multiple discharge system. Along with courts-martial, fines, and prison sentences, the discharge system is used to keep GIs in line. If a GI resists the war or the racism & repression of the military, he is often punished with a bad discharge or bad SPN number on his DD 214. For the vet branded with "bad paper", jobs are nearly impossible to get, promotions virtually unheard of, and the benefits owed to the veteran are denied by the government. To support their demand for a single-type discharge, and to expose the present system of branding by discharge, vets will

burn their discharge papers on Veterans Day.

Veterans are also fed up with the shaft they are getting from the VA. With a budget of over \$13 billion, the VA is the 2nd largest federal agency. Yet only 20% of this goes to vets' benefits, while over 40% goes to bureaucratic costs. With the penalties the VA allows for education assistance, most vets cannot afford to go to school, and those in school must wait for months to get their checks.

The doctor/patient ratio in VA hospitals is one of the worst in the country. In addition, the VA uses vets as guinea pigs for new behavior modification drugs, like prolixin. Vets with drug or alcohol addiction, disabilities, and psychological problems resulting from Post-Vietnam Struggle are unable to receive any kind of adequate assistance from the VA. Even worse, the VA denies almost all benefits, including disability payments, for the over half-million vets with bad discharges and those vets in prison (currently over one-third of the US prison population are Vietnam-era vets). And veterans, especially Third World vets and those with bad discharges, have unemployment rates high above those among the rest of American workers. VVAW/WSO is declaring "War on the VA" because its members have learned that to achieve their demands they must fight for them. And this means attacking the problem at its roots: the government which causes wars like Vietnam... the big businesses which profit while using GIs... and the economic system (called "free enterprise" in high school classes, called "imperialism" in the rest of the world) which tries to rip-off the resources of other nations.

VVAW/WSO urges all veterans, GIs, workers, students and other supporters to join them on Veterans Day to wage a WAR ON THE V.A.



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SINGLE TYPE DISCHARGE FOR ALL VETS

DECENT BENEFITS FOR ALL VETS



11:30 AM -ASSEMBLE, 13TH & I STS. N.E., WASHINGTON, D.C.
12:00 PM -MARCH TO THE U.S. VETERANS ASSISTANCE CENTER
1:00 PM -RALLY AT THE V.A. 25 K ST N.E., WASHINGTON, D.C.
2:00 PM -BURNING OF THE MULTIPLE DISCHARGE PAPERS

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